DSC

DUELCO SAFETY CONTROLLER

Installation and use

duelco
SAFETY solutions
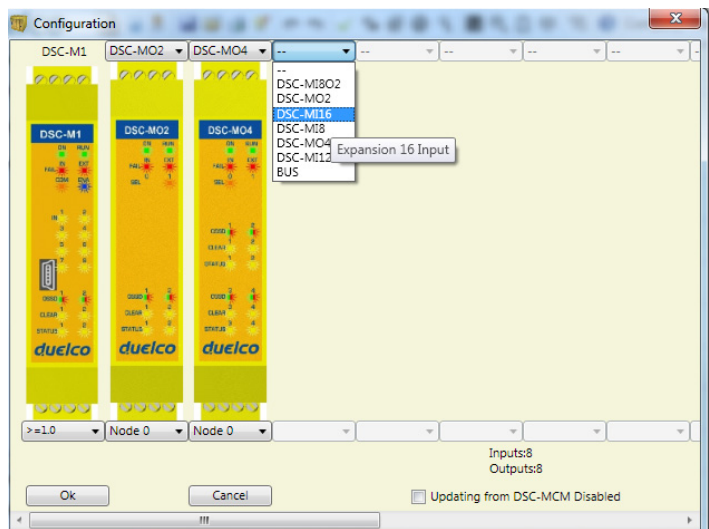
Duelco Safety Controller

CONTENTS

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INTRODUCTION

Contents of this handbook

This handbook describes how to use the DSC programmable safety module and its expansion units ("SLAVES");

it includes:

- a description of the system
- method of installation
- connections
- signals
- troubleshooting
- use of the configuration SW

Important safety instructions

⚡ This safety alert symbol indicates a potential personal safety hazard. Failure to comply with instructions bearing this symbol could pose a very serious risk to personnel.

➔ This symbol indicates an important instruction.

⚡ The DSC is built to the following safety levels: SIL 3, SILCL 3, PL e, Cat. 4, Type 4 in accordance with the applicable standards. However, the definitive SIL and PL of the application will depend on the number of safety components, their parameters and the connections that are made, as per the risk analysis.

⚡ Read the "Applicable Standards" section carefully.

⚡ Perform an in-depth risk analysis to determine the appropriate safety level for your specific application, on the basis of all the applicable standards.

⚡ Programming/configuration of the DSC is the sole responsibility of the installer or user.

⚡ The device must be programmed/configured in accordance with the application-specific risk analysis and all the applicable standards.

⚡ Once you have programmed/configured and installed the DSC and all the relative devices, run a complete application safety test (see "TESTING the system", page 58).

⚡ Always test the complete system whenever new safety components are added (see the "TESTING the system" section, page 58).

⚡ Duelco is not responsible for these operations or any risks in connection therewith.

⚡ Reference should be made to the handbooks and the relative product and/or application standards to ensure correct use of devices connected to the DSC within the specific application.

⚡ The ambient temperature in the place where the system is installed must be compatible with the operating temperature parameters stated on the product label and in the specifications.

English

> ⚡ **For all matters concerning safety, if necessary, contact your country's competent safety authorities or the competent trade association.**

English

Abbreviations and symbols

MCM =   DSC Configuration Memory: *memory chip for DSC M1 (accessory)*
MSC =   DSC Safety Communication: *proprietary bus for expansion units*
DSD =   DSC Safety Designer: *DSC configuration SW running in Windows*
OSSD =   Output Signal Switching Device: *solid state safety output*
MTTFd =   Mean Time to Dangerous Failure
PL =   Performance Level
PFHd =   Probability of a dangerous failure per Hour
SIL =   Safety Integrity Level
SILCL =   Safety Integrity Level Claim Limit
SW =   Software

Applicable standards

DSC complies with the following European Directives:
- 2006/42/EC   "Machinery Directive"
- 2004/108/EC   "Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive"
- 2006/95/EC   "Low Voltage Directive"

and is built to the following standards:

CEI EN 61131-2	**Programmable controllers, part 2: Equipment requirements and tests**
ISO 13489-1	**Safety of machinery: Safety related parts of control systems. General principles for design**
EN 61496-1	**Safety of machinery: Electro-sensitive protective equipment. Part 1: General requirements and tests.**
IEC 61508-1	**Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: General requirements.**
IEC 61508-2	**Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems.**
IEC 61508-3	**Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Software requirements.**
IEC 61784-3	**Digital data communication for measurement and control: Functional safety fieldbuses.**
IEC 62061	**Safety of machinery. Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems**

Table 1

English

OVERVIEW

DSC is a modular safety controller. It consists of a master unit (M1), which can be configured using the DSD graphic interface, and a number of expansion units connected to the M1 via the proprietary MSC bus.

The M1 can also be used as a stand-alone device. It has 8 safety inputs and 2 independent programmable dual channel outputs.

➔ The following expansions are available: I/O expansions (MI8O2), input only expansions (MI8, MI12T8 and MI16), output only expansions (MO2 and MO4), guided contact safety relay output modules (MR2 and MR4) and diagnostic connections to the main fieldbuses:
MBP (PROFIBUS), MBC (CanOpen), MBD (DeviceNet), MBEI (ETHERNET/IP), MBEP (Profinet), MBEC (ETHERCAT).

DSC is capable of monitoring the following safety sensors and commands:

optoelectronic sensors (safety light curtains, scanners, safety photocells), mechanical switches, safety mats, emergency stops, two-hand controls, all managed by a single flexible and expandable device.

The system must consist of just one Master M1 and a number of electronic expansions that can range from 0 to a maximum of 14, not more than 4 of which of the same type. There is no limit to the number of relay modules that can be installed.

With 14 expansions, the system can have up to 128 inputs, 16 dual channel safety outputs and 16 status outputs. The MASTER and its SLAVE units communicate via the 5-way MSC bus (Duelco proprietary bus), physically arranged on the rear panel of each unit.

Furthermore 8 inputs and 16 outputs probe controllable (by Fieldbus) are available.

The DSD software is capable of creating complex logics, using logical operators and safety functions such as muting, timer, counters, etc.

All this is performed through an easy and intuitive graphic interface.

The configuration performed on the PC is sent to the M1 via USB connection; the file resides in the M1 and can also be saved on the proprietary MCM memory chip (accessory). The configuration can therefore quickly be copied to another M1 unit.

➔ The DSC system is certified to the maximum safety level envisaged by the applicable industrial safety standards (SIL 3, SILCL 3, PL e, Cat. 4).

English

PRODUCT COMPOSITION

The DSC M1 is supplied with:
- CD-ROM containing the free DSD SW, this PDF handbook and other product literature.
- Installation sheet.

➔ NB: the rear panel MSC connector and MCM memory can be ordered separately as accessories.

The expansion units are supplied with:
- Installation sheet.
- Rear panel MSC connector (not present in the MR2 and MR4 which are connected via terminal blocks only).

➔ NB: to install an expansion unit (excluding relays) you will need the MSC connector supplied with the unit plus another MSC for the connection to the M1. This can be ordered separately as an accessory.

English

INSTALLATION

Mechanical fastening

Fix the DSC system units to a 35mm DIN rail as follows:

1. Connect the same number of "MSC" 5-pole rear panel connectors as the number of units to be installed.
2. Fix the train of connectors thus obtained to the Omega DIN 35mm (EN 5022) rail (hooking them at the top first).
3. Fasten the units to the rail, arranging the contacts on the base of the unit on the respective connector. Press the unit gently until you feel it snap into place.
4. To remove a unit, use a screwdriver to pull down the locking latch on the back of the unit; then lift the unit upwards and pull.

Figure 1

English
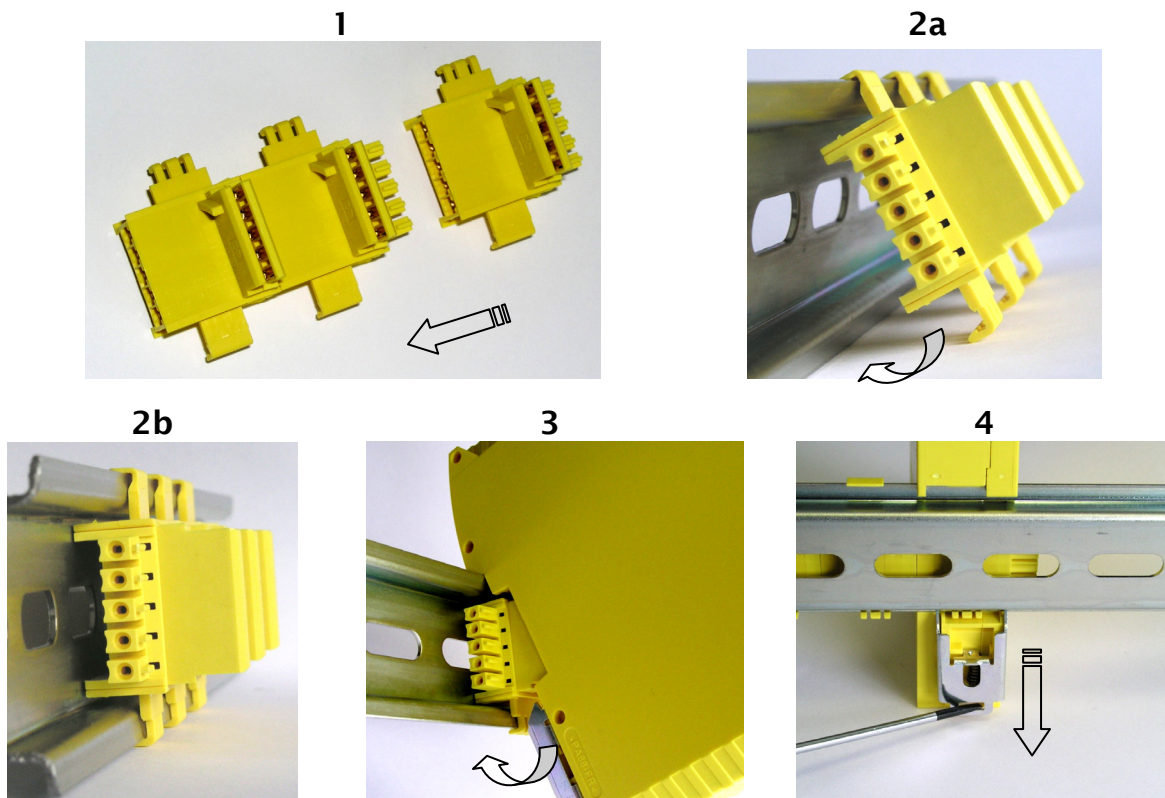
Calculation of safety distance of an ESPE connected to DSC

Any Electro-sensitive Protective Equipment device connected to DSC, must be positioned at a distance equal to or greater than the minimum safety distance S so that the dangerous point can be reached only after stopping the dangerous movement of the machine.

> ⚡ The european standard:
> - ISO 13855:2010- (EN 999:2008) Safety of machinery - *Positioning of safeguards with respect to the approach speeds of parts of the human body.*[1]
> provides the elements to calculate the proper safety distance.
>
> ⚡ Carefully read the installation manual of each device for specific information on the correct positioning.
>
> ⚡ Remember that the total response time depends on:
> DSC response time + ESPE response time + response time of the machine (i.e. the time taken by the machine to stop the dangerous movement from the moment in which the stop signal is transmitted).

Electrical connections
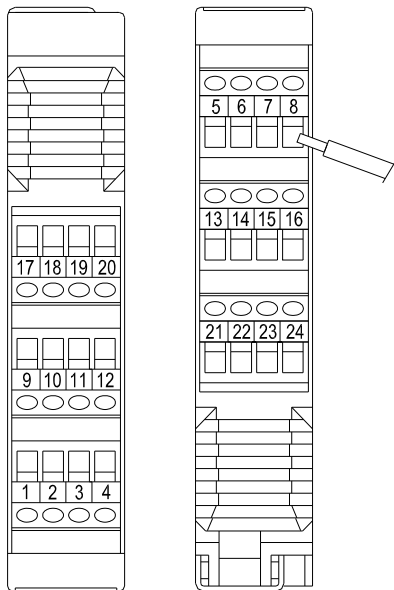
The DSC system units are provided with terminal blocks for the electrical connections. Each unit can have 8, 16 or 24 terminals.
Each unit also has a rear panel plug-in connector (for communication with the master and with the other expansion units).

The MR2 and MR4 are connected via terminal blocks only.

> ➔ Terminal tightening torque: 5÷7lb-in (0,6÷0,7 Nm).

> ⚡ Install safety units in an enclosure with a protection class of at least IP54.
> ⚡ The supply voltage to the units must be 24Vdc ±20% (PELV, in compliance with the
>   standard EN 60204-1 (Chapter 6.4)).
> ⚡ Do not use the DSC to supply external devices.
> ⚡ The same ground connection (0VDC) must be used for all system components.

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[1] "Describe the methods that designers can use to calculate the minimum safety distance from a specific dangerous point for the safety devices, particularly Electro-sensitive devices (eg. light curtains), safety-mats or pressure sensitive floors and bimanual control. It contains a rule to determine the placement of safety devices based on approach speed and the stopping time of the machine, which can reasonably be extrapolated so that it also includes the interlocking guards without guard locking."

English

Instructions concerning connection cables.

➔ Wire size range: AWG 12÷30, (solid/stranded) (UL).

➔ Use 60/75°C copper (Cu) conductor only.

➔ We recommend the use of separate power supplies for the safety module and for other electrical power equipment (electric motors, inverters, frequency converters) or other sources of disturbance.

➔ Cables used for connections of longer than 50m must have a cross-section of at least 1mm2 (AWG16).

Connections of each single DSC system unit are listed in the table below:

Master M1				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	MASTER_ENABLE1	Input	Master Enable 1	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	MASTER_ENABLE2	Input	Master Enable 2	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Output	Static output 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Output		PNP active high
7	RESTART_FBK1	Input	Feedback/Restart 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	OUT_STATUS1	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
9	OSSD2_A	Output	Static output 2	PNP active high
10	OSSD2_B	Output		PNP active high
11	RESTART_FBK2	Input	Feedback/Restart 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
12	OUT_STATUS2	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
13	OUT_TEST1	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
14	OUT_TEST2	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
15	OUT_TEST3	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
16	OUT_TEST4	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
17	INPUT1	Input	Digital input 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
18	INPUT2	Input	Digital input 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
19	INPUT3	Input	Digital input 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
20	INPUT4	Input	Digital input 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
21	INPUT5	Input	Digital input 5	Input according to EN 61131-2
22	INPUT6	Input	Digital input 6	Input according to EN 61131-2
23	INPUT7	Input	Digital input 7	Input according to EN 61131-2
24	INPUT8	Input	Digital input 8	Input according to EN 61131-2

USB input

The DSC master M1 includes a USB 2.0 connector for connection to a Personal Computer where the DSD (DSC Safety Designer) configuration SW resides.

A USB cable of the correct size is available as an accessory (CSU).

Figure 2 - USB 2.0 front panel connector

English

TECHNICAL DATA LABEL

MCM LABEL
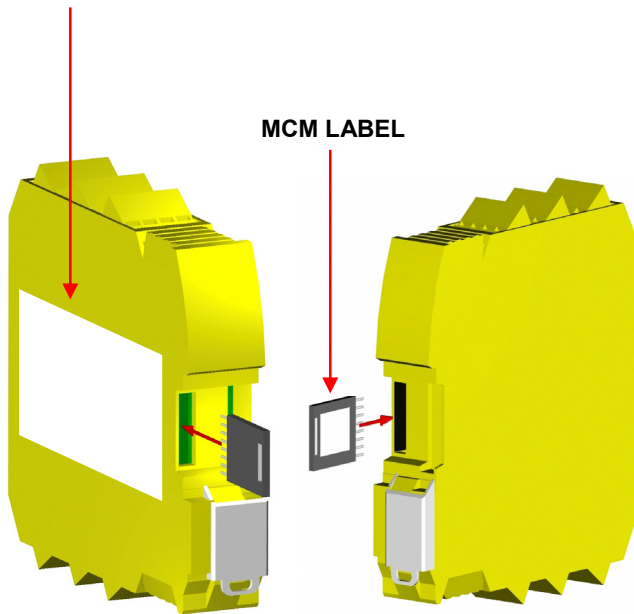
Figure 3 - MCM

DSC Configuration Memory (MCM)

A backup memory, called MCM (optional) can be installed in the DSC master M1 and used to save the SW configuration parameters.

The MCM is written each time a new project is sent from the PC to the M1.

➔ **Always switch the M1 off before logging on to/logging off from the MCM.**

Insert the card in the slot in the rear panel of the M1 (in the direction shown in Figure 3 - MCM).

MULTIPLE LOAD function

To perform the configuration of several M1 modules without using a PC and the USB connector, you can save the desired configuration on a single MCM and then use it to download data on the modules M1 to be configured.

⚡ If the file contained in the MCM is not identical to the one contained in M1, an overwrite operation that will permanently delete the configuration data contained in M1 will be performed.

⚡ WARNING: ALL DATA PREVIOUSLY CONTAINED IN M1 WILL BE LOST.

RESTORE function

If the M1 unit is damaged, you can replace it with a new one; having already saved all the configurations on the MCM, all you need to do is insert the MCM in the new M1 and switch on the DSC system, that will immediately load the backup configuration. In this way, the work interruptions will be minimized.

➔ **The LOAD and RESTORE functions can be disabled via SW. (see Figure 28)**

➔ **In order to be used, the expansion units must be addressed at the time of installation (see the NODE SEL section).**

⚡ Each time MCM is used, carefully check that the chosen configuration is the one that was planned for that particular system. Try again a fully functional test of the system composed of DSC plus all devices connected to it (see the TESTING the system section).

MI8O2				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Output	Static output 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Output		PNP active high
7	RESTART_FBK1	Input	Feedback/Restart 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	OUT_STATUS1	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
9	OSSD2_A	Output	Static output 2	PNP active high
10	OSSD2_B	Output		PNP active high
11	RESTART_FBK2	Input	Feedback/Restart 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
12	OUT_STATUS2	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
13	OUT_TEST1	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
14	OUT_TEST2	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
15	OUT_TEST3	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
16	OUT_TEST4	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
17	INPUT1	Input	Digital input 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
18	INPUT2	Input	Digital input 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
19	INPUT3	Input	Digital input 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
20	INPUT4	Input	Digital input 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
21	INPUT5	Input	Digital input 5	Input according to EN 61131-2
22	INPUT6	Input	Digital input 6	Input according to EN 61131-2
23	INPUT7	Input	Digital input 7	Input according to EN 61131-2
24	INPUT8	Input	Digital input 8	Input according to EN 61131-2

Table 2

MI8				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	INPUT1	Input	Digital input 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
6	INPUT2	Input	Digital input 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
7	INPUT3	Input	Digital input 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	INPUT4	Input	Digital input 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
9	OUT_TEST1	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
10	OUT_TEST2	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
11	OUT_TEST3	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
12	OUT_TEST4	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
13	INPUT5	Input	Digital input 5	Input according to EN 61131-2
14	INPUT6	Input	Digital input 6	Input according to EN 61131-2
15	INPUT7	Input	Digital input 7	Input according to EN 61131-2
16	INPUT8	Input	Digital input 8	Input according to EN 61131-2

Table 3

English

MI12T8				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	
5	INPUT1	Input	Digital input 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
6	INPUT2	Input	Digital input 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
7	INPUT3	Input	Digital input 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	INPUT4	Input	Digital input 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
9	OUT_TEST1	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
10	OUT_TEST2	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
11	OUT_TEST3	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
12	OUT_TEST4	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
13	INPUT5	Input	Digital input 5	Input according to EN 61131-2
14	INPUT6	Input	Digital input 6	Input according to EN 61131-2
15	INPUT7	Input	Digital input 7	Input according to EN 61131-2
16	INPUT8	Input	Digital input 8	Input according to EN 61131-2
17	OUT_TEST5	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
18	OUT_TEST6	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
19	OUT_TEST7	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
20	OUT_TEST8	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
21	INPUT9	Input	Digital input 9	Input according to EN 61131-2
22	INPUT10	Input	Digital input 10	Input according to EN 61131-2
23	INPUT11	Input	Digital input 11	Input according to EN 61131-2
24	INPUT12	Input	Digital input 12	Input according to EN 61131-2

Table 4

MI16				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	
5	INPUT1	Input	Digital input 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
6	INPUT2	Input	Digital input 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
7	INPUT3	Input	Digital input 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	INPUT4	Input	Digital input 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
9	OUT_TEST1	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
10	OUT_TEST2	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
11	OUT_TEST3	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
12	OUT_TEST4	Output	Short circuit detected output	PNP active high
13	INPUT5	Input	Digital input 5	Input according to EN 61131-2
14	INPUT6	Input	Digital input 6	Input according to EN 61131-2
15	INPUT7	Input	Digital input 7	Input according to EN 61131-2
16	INPUT8	Input	Digital input 8	Input according to EN 61131-2
17	INPUT9	Input	Digital input 9	Input according to EN 61131-2
18	INPUT10	Input	Digital input 10	Input according to EN 61131-2
19	INPUT11	Input	Digital input 11	Input according to EN 61131-2
20	INPUT12	Input	Digital input 12	Input according to EN 61131-2
21	INPUT13	Input	Digital input 13	Input according to EN 61131-2
22	INPUT14	Input	Digital input 14	Input according to EN 61131-2
23	INPUT15	Input	Digital input 15	Input according to EN 61131-2
24	INPUT16	Input	Digital input 16	Input according to EN 61131-2

Table 5

English

MO4				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Output	Static output 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Output		PNP active high
7	RESTART_FBK1	Input	Feedback/Restart 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	OUT_STATUS1	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
9	OSSD2_A	Output	Static output 2	PNP active high
10	OSSD2_B	Output		PNP active high
11	RESTART_FBK2	Input	Feedback/Restart 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
12	OUT_STATUS2	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
13	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	OSSD1/2 power supply
14	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	OSSD3/4 power supply
15	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
16	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
17	OSSD4_A	Output	Static output 4	PNP active high
18	OSSD4_B	Output		PNP active high
19	RESTART_FBK4	Input	Feedback/Restart 4	Input according to EN 61131-2
20	OUT_STATUS4	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high
21	OSSD3_A	Output	Static output 3	PNP active high
22	OSSD3_B	Output		PNP active high
23	RESTART_FBK3	Input	Feedback/Restart 3	Input according to EN 61131-2
24	OUT_STATUS3	Output	Programmable digital output	PNP active high

Table 6

MO2				
TERMINAL	SIGNAL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OPERATION
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
2	NODE_SEL0	Input	Node selection	Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
3	NODE_SEL1	Input		Input ("*type B*" according to EN 61131-2)
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Output	Static output 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Output		PNP active high
7	RESTART_FBK1	Input	Feedback/Restart 1	Input according to EN 61131-2
8	OUT_STATUS1	Output	Condition of outputs 1A/1B	PNP active high
9	OSSD2_A	Output	Static output 2	PNP active high
10	OSSD2_B	Output		PNP active high
11	RESTART_FBK2	Input	Feedback/Restart 2	Input according to EN 61131-2
12	OUT_STATUS2	Output	Condition of outputs 2A/2B	PNP active high
13	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	OSSD1/2 power supply
14	n.c.	-	-	-
15	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
16	n.c.	-	-	-

Table 7

English

MR4				
TERMINAL	**SIGNAL**	**TYPE**	**DESCRIPTION**	**OPERATION**
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Input	Control ZONE 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Input		
7	FBK_K1_K2_1	Output	Feedback K1K2 ZONE 1	
9	A_NC1	Output	NC contact ZONE 1	
10	B_NC1	Output		
13	A_NO11	Output	NO1 contact ZONE 1	
14	B_NO11	Output		
15	A_NO12	Output	NO2 contact ZONE 1	
16	B_NO12	Output		
11	A_NC2	Output	NC contact ZONE 2	
12	B_NC2	Output		
17	OSSD2_A	Input	Control ZONE 2	PNP active high
18	OSSD2_B	Input		
19	FBK_K1_K2_2	Output	Feedback K1K2 ZONE 2	
21	A_NO21	Output	NO1 contact ZONE 2	
22	B_NO21	Output		
23	A_NO22	Output	NO2 contact ZONE 2	
24	B_NO22	Output		

Table 8

MR2				
TERMINAL	**SIGNAL**	**TYPE**	**DESCRIPTION**	**OPERATION**
1	24VDC	-	24VDC power supply	-
4	GND	-	0VDC power supply	-
5	OSSD1_A	Input	Control ZONE 1	PNP active high
6	OSSD1_B	Input		
7	FBK_K1_K2_1	Output	Feedback K1K2 ZONE 1	
9	A_NC1	Output	NC contact ZONE 1	
10	B_NC1	Output		
13	A_NO11	Output	NO1 contact ZONE 1	
14	B_NO11	Output		
15	A_NO12	Output	NO2 contact ZONE 1	
16	B_NO12	Output		

Table 9

English

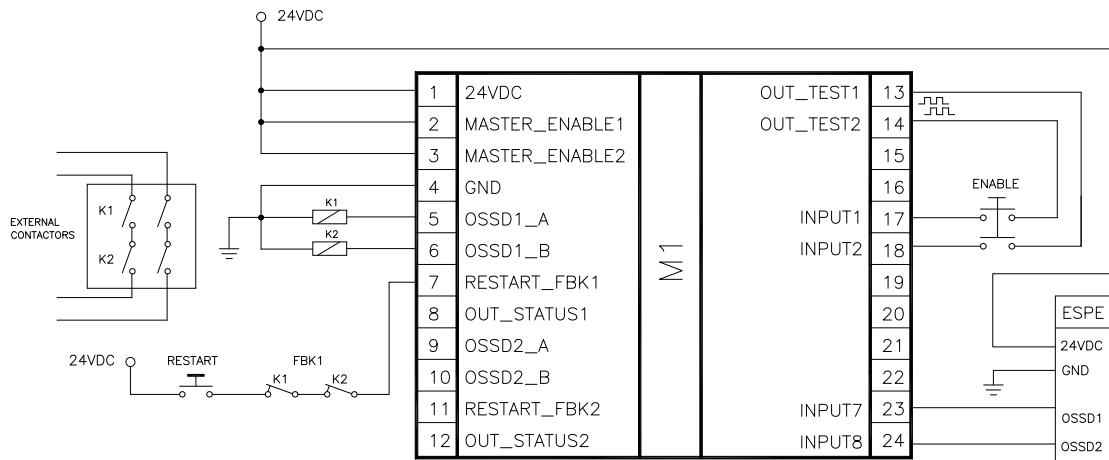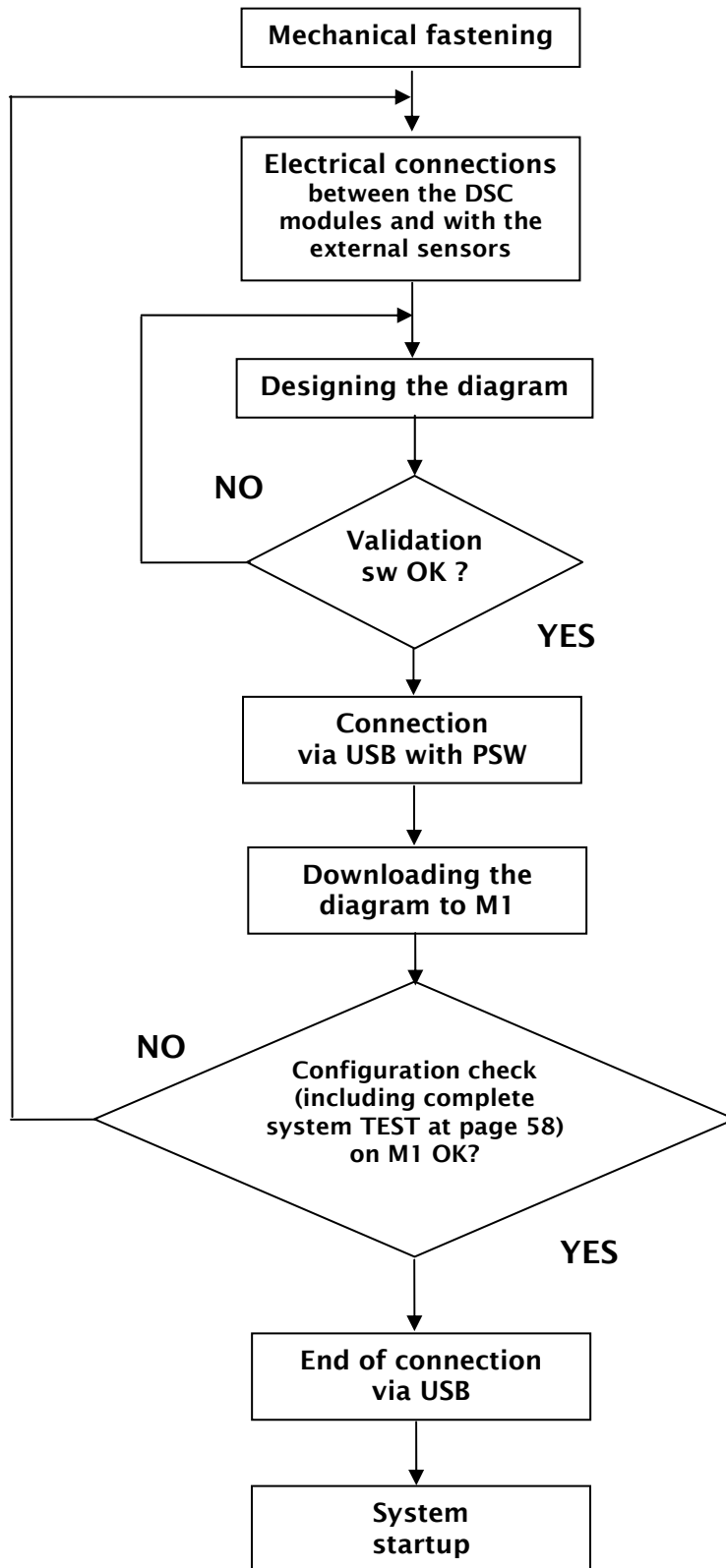## EXAMPLE OF CONNECTION OF DSC TO THE MACHINE CONTROL SYSTEM

Figure 4

CHECKLIST AFTER INSTALLATION

The DSC system is able to detect the faults that occurs in each own module.
Anyway to have the system perfect operation perform the following checks at start up and at least every one year:

1. *Operate a complete system TEST (see "TESTING the system")*
2. *Verify that all the cables are correctly inserted and the terminal blocks well screwed.*
3. *Verify that all the leds (indicators) light on correctly.*
4. *Verify the positioning of all the sensors connected to DSC.*
5. *Verify the correct fixing of DSC to the Omega rail.*
6. *Verify that all the external indicators (lamps) work properly.*

➔   **After installation, maintenance and after any eventual configuration change perform a System TEST as described in the paragraph *"TESTING the system" at page 58.***

English

OPERATING DIAGRAM

```
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │ Mechanical fastening│
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │ Electrical connections│
                    │  between the DSC     │
                    │  modules and with the│
                    │  external sensors    │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │ Designing the diagram│
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
            NO          ◇ Validation sw OK ? ◇
                               │ YES
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │    Connection        │
                    │  via USB with PSW    │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │  Downloading the     │
                    │   diagram to M1      │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
      NO        ◇ Configuration check (including
                  complete system TEST at page 58)
                  on M1 OK? ◇
                               │ YES
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │  End of connection   │
                    │     via USB          │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │      System          │
                    │      startup         │
                    └─────────────────────┘
```

English

SIGNALS

INPUTS

MASTER ENABLE

The DSC M1 master has two inputs: MASTER_ENABLE1 and MASTER_ENABLE2.

➜ **These signals must <u>both be permanently set</u> to logic level 1 (24VDC) for the DSC to operate. If the user needs to disable the DSC simply lower these inputs to logic level 0 (0VDC).**

NODE SEL

The NODE_SEL0 and NODE_SEL1 inputs (on the SLAVE units) are used to attribute a physical address to the slave units with the connections shown in Table 10:

	NODE_SEL1 (Terminal 3)	NODE_SEL0 (Terminal 2)
NODE 0	0 (or not connected)	0 (or not connected)
NODE 1	0 (or not connected)	24VDC
NODE 2	24VDC	0 (or not connected)
NODE 3	24VDC	24VDC

Table 10

➜ **It is not allowed to use the same physical address on two units of the same type.**

English

RESTART_FBK

The RESTART_FBK signal input allows the DSC to verify an EDM (External Device Monitoring) feedback signal (series of contacts) from the external contactors, and to monitor Manual/Automatic operation (See the list of possible connections in Table 11).

⚡ **If the application requires it, the response time of the external contactors must be verified by an additional device.**

⚡ **The RESTART command must be installed outside the danger area in a position where the danger area and the entire work area concerned are clearly visible.**

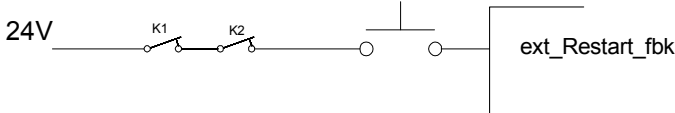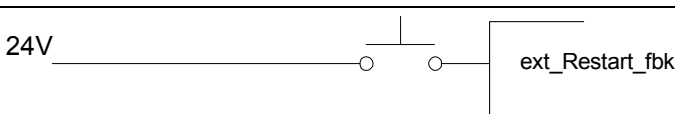⚡ **It must not be possible to reach the control from inside the danger area.**
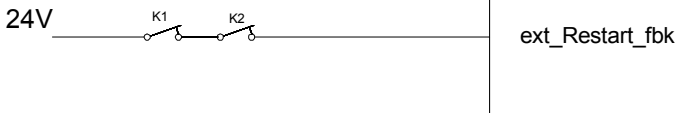
| MODE OF OPERATION	EDM	RESTART_FBK	
AUTOMATIC	**With K1_K2 control**	24V ——K1——K2——	ext_Restart_fbk
	Without K1_K2 control	24V ————————	ext_Restart_fbk
MANUAL	**With K1_K2 control**	24V ——K1——K2——○—○—	ext_Restart_fbk
	Without K1_K2 control	24V ——————○—○—	ext_Restart_fbk

Table 11

OUTPUTS

OUT STATUS

The OUT STATUS signal is a programmable digital output that can indicate the status of:

- • An input.
- • An output.
- • A node of the logic diagram designed using the DSD.

OUT TEST

The OUT TEST signals must be used to monitor the presence of short-circuits or overloads on the inputs (Figure 5).

SHORT CIRCUIT CONTROL
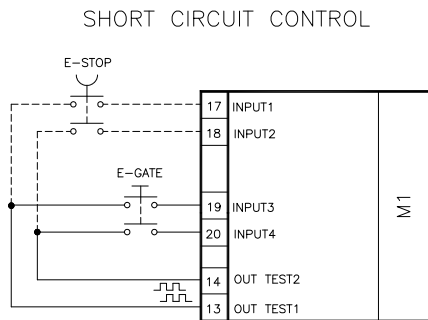
➜ **The maximum number of controllable inputs for each output OUT TEST is:**
- 2 INPUT (parallel connection) (M1, MI802, MI8, MI12T8)
- 4 INPUT (parallel connection) (MI16)

Figure 5

OSSD (M1, MI8O2)

The OSSD *(static semiconductor safety outputs)* are short circuit protected, cross circuit monitored and supply:

- • In the ON condition: Uv-0,75V ÷ Uv *(where Uv is 24V ± 20%)*
- • In the OFF condition: 0V ÷ 2V r.m.s.

The maximum load of 400mA@24V corresponds to a minimum resistive load of 60Ω.

The maximum capacitive load is 0.82μF. The maximum inductive load is 30mH.

OSSD (MO2, MO4)

The OSSD *(static semiconductor safety outputs)* are short circuit protected, cross circuit monitored and supply:

- • In the ON condition: Uv-0,75V ÷ Uv *(where Uv is 24V ± 20%)*
- • In the OFF condition: 0V ÷ 2V r.m.s.

The maximum load of 400mA@24V corresponds to a minimum resistive load of 60Ω.

The maximum capacitive load is 0.82μF. The maximum inductive load is 30mH.

➜ **It is not allowed the connection of external devices to the outputs, except as expected in the configuration performed with the DSD software.**

Each OSSD output can be configured as shown in Table 12:

English

Automatic	The output is activated according to le configurations set by the DSD SW only if the corresponding RESTART_FBK input is conected to 24VDC.
Manual	The output is activated according to le configurations set by the DSD SW only if corresponding RESTART_FBK input FOLLOWS A LOGIC TRANSITION OF 0-->1.
Monitored	The output is activated according to le configurations set by the DSD SW only if the corresponding RESTART_FBK input FOLLOWS A LOGIC TRANSITION OF 0-->1-->0.

Table 12

SAFETY RELAYS (MR2, MR4)

Characteristics of the output circuit.

The MR2/MR4 units use guided contact safety relays, each of which provides two N.O. contacts and one N.C contact in addition to the N.C. feedback contact.
The MR2 unit uses two safety relays and the MR4 uses four.

Excitation voltage	**17...31 VDC**
Minimum switchable voltage	**10 VDC**
Minimum switchable current	**20 mA**
Maximum switchable voltage (DC)	**250VDC**
Maximum switchable voltage (AC)	**400VAC**
Maximum switchable current	**6A**
Response time	**12ms**
Mechanical life of contacts	**> 20 x 10^6**

Table 13

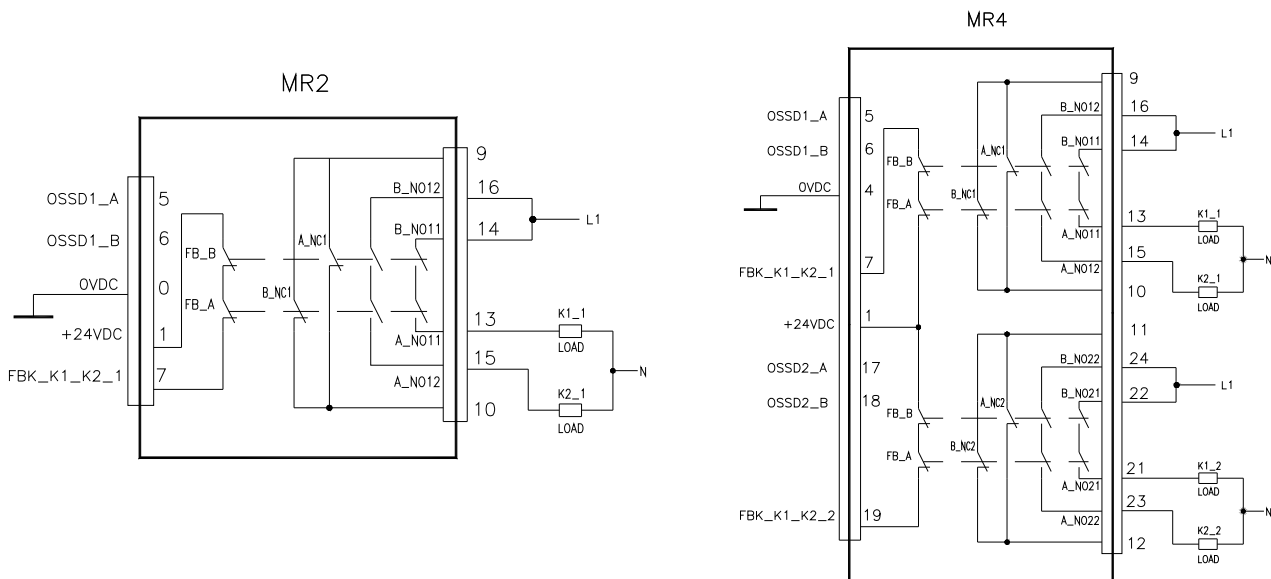|	
➜	To guarantee correct isolation and avoid the risk of premature ageing of or damage to the relays, each output line must be protected using a delay 3.5A fuse and the load characteristics must be consistent with those specified in Table 12.
➜	See the "MR2 - MR4" section (for further details on these relays).

MR2/MR4 internal contacts diagram

Figure 6

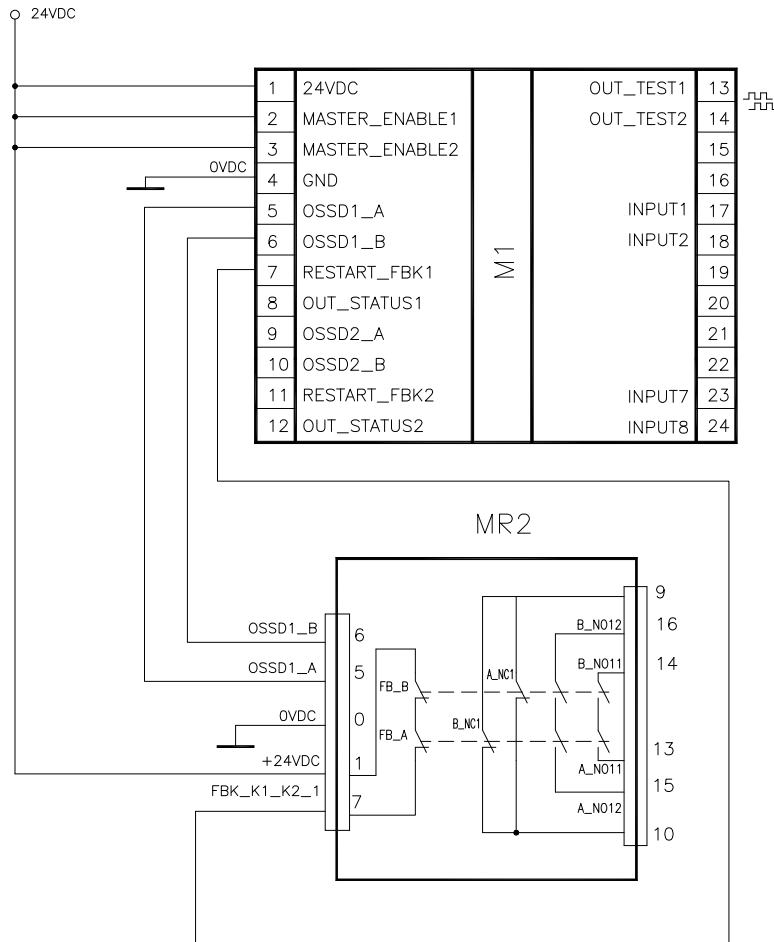## Example of MR2 module connection with static OSSD outputs of a module M1[2]

Figure 7

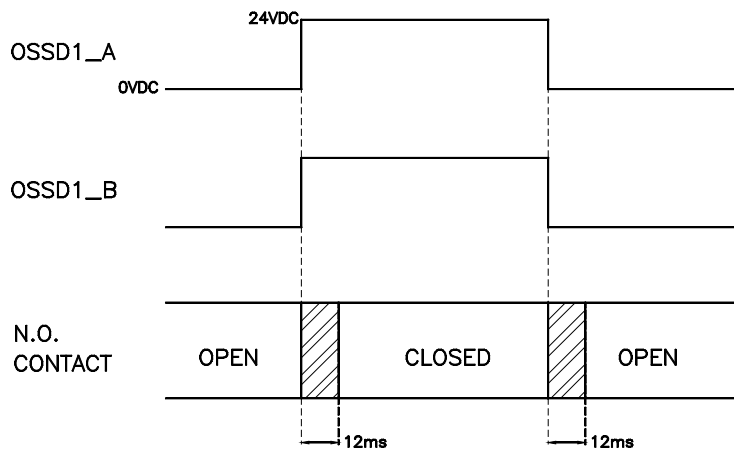## Switching operation timing diagram.

Figure 8

---

[2] **If a relay module is connected, the response time of the OSSD linked, must be increased of 12ms.**

TECHNICAL FEATURES

GENERAL SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS

Safety level parameters

Parameter	Value	Standard
PFH_d	See the technical data tables for each module	IEC 61508:1998
SIL	3	
SILCL	3	IEC 62061:2005
Type	4	EN 61496-1
PL	e	ISO 13849-1:2006 IEC 62061:2005
Dc_{avg}	High	
MTTFd (years)	30 ÷ 100	
Category	4	
Device lifetime	20 years	
Pollution degree	2	

General data

Max number of inputs	128	
Max number of outputs	16	
Max number of slave units (excluding MR2-MR4)	14	
Max number of slave units of the same type (excluding MR2-MR4)	4	
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20% / Supply from class II (LVLE)	
Over voltage category	II	
Digital INPUTS	PNP active high (EN 61131-2)	
OSSD (M1, MI8O2, MO2, MO4)	PNP active high - 400mA@24VDC max (each OSSD)	
Digital OUTPUTS	PNP active high - 100mA@24VDC max	
Response time (ms) *This response times depends on the following parameters:* *1) Number of Slave modules installed* *2) Number of Operators* *3) Number of OSSD outputs* *For the right response time refer to the one calculated by the DSD software (see Project report)*	Master	$10,6 ÷ 12,6$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 1 Slave	$11,8 ÷ 26,5$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 2 Slaves	$12,8 ÷ 28,7$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 3 Slaves	$13,9 ÷ 30,8$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 4 Slaves	$15 ÷ 33$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 5 Slaves	$16 ÷ 35$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 6 Slaves	$17 ÷ 37,3$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 7 Slaves	$18,2 ÷ 39,5$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 8 Slaves	$19,3 ÷ 41,7$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 9 Slaves	$20,4 ÷ 43,8$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 10 Slaves	$21,5 ÷ 46$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 11 Slaves	$22,5 ÷ 48,1$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 12 Slaves	$23,6 ÷ 50,3$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 13 Slaves	$24,7 ÷ 52,5$ + T_{Input_filter}
	M1 + 14 Slaves	$25,8 ÷ 54,6$ + T_{Input_filter}
M1> module connection	Duelco proprietary 5-pole bus (MSC)	
Connection cable cross-section	$0,5 ÷ 2,5$ mm² / AWG 12÷30 (solid/stranded)	
Max length of connections	100m	
Operating temperature	-10 ÷ 55°C	
Max surrounding air temperature	55°C (UL)	
Storage temperature	-20 ÷ 85°C	
Relative humidity	10% ÷ 95%	

English

➔ T_{Input_filter} = max filtering time from among those set on project inputs (see "INPUTS" section).

Enclosure

Description	Electronic housing max 24 pole, with locking latch mounting
Enclosure material	Polyamide
Enclosure protection class	IP 20
Terminal blocks protection class	IP 2X
Fastening	Quick coupling to rail according to EN 60715
Dimensions (h x l x d)	108 x 22.5 x 114.5

M1 module

PFH$_d$ (IEC 61508:1998)	6.06E-9
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20%
Dissipated power	3W max
Unit enable (No./description)	2 / PNP active high "*type B*" according to EN 61131-2
Digital INPUTS (No./description)	8 / PNP active high according to EN 61131-2
INPUT FBK/RESTART (No./description)	2 / EDM control / possible Automatic or Manual operation with RESTART button
Test OUTPUT (No./description)	4 / to check for short-circuits - overloads
Digital OUTPUTS (No./description)	2 / programmable - PNP active high
OSSD (No./description)	2 pairs / solid state safety outputs PNP active high 400mA@24VDC max
SLOT for MCM card	Available
Connection to PC	USB 2.0 (Hi Speed) - Max cable length: 3m
Connection to slave units	via MSC 5-way Duelco proprietary bus

MI8O2 module

PFH$_d$ (IEC 61508:1998)	5.72E-9
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20%
Dissipated power	3W max
Digital INPUTS (No./description)	8 / PNP active high according to EN 61131-2
Test OUTPUT (No./description)	8 / to check for short-circuits - overloads
Digital OUTPUTS (No./description)	2 / programmable - PNP active high
OSSD (No./description)	2 pairs / solid state safety outputs: PNP active high – 400mA@24VDC max
Connection to M1	via MSC 5-way Duelco proprietary bus

English

MI8 - MI16 modules

Model	MI8	MI16
PFH$_d$ (IEC 61508:1998)	5.75E-9	7.09E-9
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20%	
Dissipated power	3W max	
Digital INPUTS (No./description)	8	16
	PNP active high according to EN 61131-2	
Test OUTPUT (No./description)	4 / to check for short-circuits - overloads	
Connection to M1	via MSC 5-way Duelco proprietary bus	

MI12T8 module

PFH$_d$ (IEC 61508:1998)	3.24E-9
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20%
Dissipated power	3W max
Digital INPUTS (No./description)	12
	PNP active high according to EN 61131-2
Test OUTPUT (No./description)	8 / to check for short-circuits - overloads
Connection to M1	via MSC 5-way Duelco proprietary bus

MO2 - MO4 modules

Model	MO2	MO4
PFHd (IEC 61508:1998)	3.16E-9	3.44E-9
Rated voltage	24VDC ± 20%	
Dissipated power	3W max	
Digital OUTPUTS (No./description)	2	4
	programmable - PNP active high	
OSSD (No./description)	2	4
	Solid state safety outputs: PNP active high 400mA@24VDC max	
Connection to M1	via MSC 5-way Duelco proprietary bus	

MR2 - MR4 modules

Model		MR2	MR4
Rated voltage		24VDC ± 20%	
Dissipated power		3W max	
Switching voltage		240 VAC	
Switching current		6A max	
N.O. contacts		2 N.A. + 1 N.C.	4 N.A. + 2 N.C.
FEEDBACK contacts		1	2
Response time		12ms	
Mechanical life of contacts		> 20 x 10^6	
B10d	AC15 230V	I = 3A: 300.000 I = 1A: 750.000	
	DC13 24V	I <= 2A: 10.000.000	

English

Connection to output module	Via front-panel terminal strip (no connection via MSC bus)

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Figure 9

English
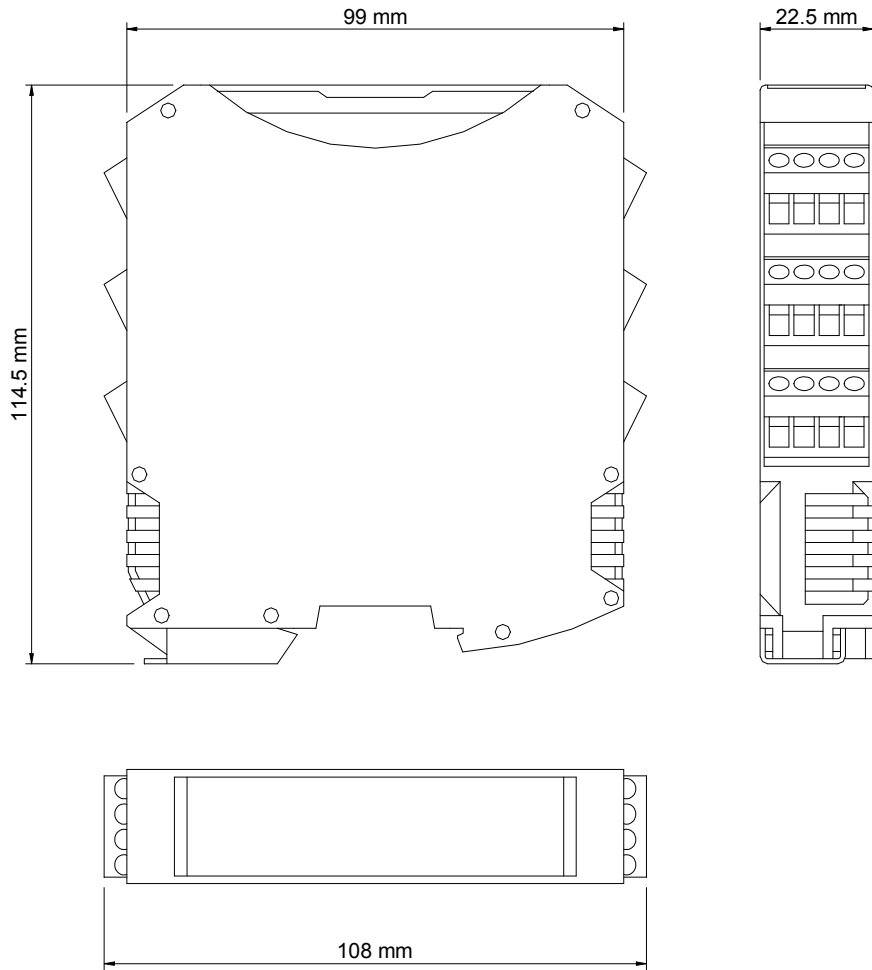
SIGNALS

Master M1 (Figure 10)

Figure 10 - M1

MEANING	LED								
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	COM ORANGE	ENA BLUE	IN1÷8 YELLOW	OSDD1/2 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/2 YELLOW	STATUS1/2 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	Red	ON	ON
MCM recognised	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON (max 1s)	ON (max 1s)	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF
Writing/loading/ diagram to/from MCM card	OFF	OFF	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF
DSD requesting connection: internal configuration not present	OFF	OFF	OFF	Flashes slowly	OFF	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF
DSD requesting connection: (slave module or node number not correct) (ref. System composition)	OFF	OFF	OFF	Flashes quickly	OFF	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF
DSD requesting connection: (slave module missing or not ready) (ref. System composition)	Flashes quickly	OFF	OFF	Flashes quickly	OFF	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF
DSD connected M1 stopped	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF

Table 14 - Opening Screen

English

MEANING	LED								
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	COM	IN1÷8	ENA	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	BLUE	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	ON	OFF	OFF op. OK	ON = M1 connected to PC OFF=otherwise	INPUT condition	ON MASTER_ENABLE1 and MASTER_ENABLE2 active OFF otherwise	RED with output OFF GREEN with output ON	ON waiting for RESTART Flashing NO feedback	OUTPUT condition
EXTERNAL FAULT DETECTED	ON	OFF	ON incorrect external connection detected	ON = M1 connected to PC OFF=otherwise	only the number of the INPUT with the incorrect connection flashes				

Table 15 - Dynamic Screen

English

MI8O2 (Figure 11)

MEANING	LED							
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	IN1÷8	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	Red	ON	ON

Table 16 - Opening Screen

MEANING		LED							
		RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	IN1÷8	SEL	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2
		GREEN	RED	RED	YELLOW	ORANGE	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	OFF if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER FLASHES if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration ON if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration		OFF	OFF	INPUT condition	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	RED with output OFF GREEN with output ON	ON waiting for RESTART Flashes NO feedback	OUTPUT condition
				ON incorrect external connection detected	only the number of the INPUT with the incorrect connection flashes				

Table 17 - Dynamic Screen

Figure 11 - MI8O2
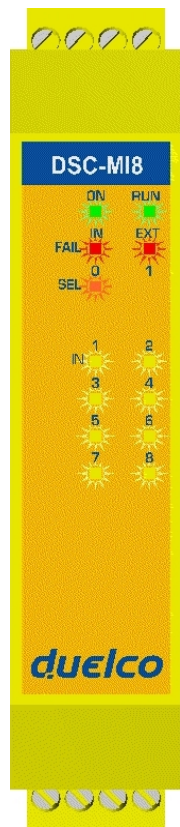
MI8 (Figure 12)

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷8 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

Table 18 - Opening Screen

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷8 YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	OFF if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER FLASHES if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration ON if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration	OFF	OFF	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	INPUT condition
			ON incorrect external connection detected		only the number of the INPUT with the incorrect connection flashes

Table 19 - Dynamic Screen

Figure 12 - MI8

English

MI12T8 (Figure 13)

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷12 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

Table 20 - Opening Screen

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷12 YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	OFF if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER FLASHES if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration ON if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration	OFF	OFF ON incorrect external connection detected	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	INPUT condition only the number of the INPUT with the incorrect connection flashes

Table 21 - Dynamic Screen

English

MI16 (Figure 13)

Figure 13 - MI16

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷16 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

Table 22 - Opening Screen

MEANING	LED				
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	IN1÷16 YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	**OFF** if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER **FLASHES** if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration **ON** if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration	OFF	OFF	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	INPUT condition
			ON incorrect external connection detected		only the number of the INPUT with the incorrect connection flashes

Table 23 - Dynamic Screen

English

MO2 (Figure 14)

Figure 14 - MO2

MEANING	LED						
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	OSDD1/2 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/2 YELLOW	STATUS1/2 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	Red	ON	ON

Table 24 - Opening screen

MEANING	LED						
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	OSSD1/2 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/2 YELLOW	STATUS1/2 YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	**OFF** if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER **FLASHES** if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration **ON** if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration	OFF op. OK	OFF op. OK	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	RED with output OFF GREEN with output ON	ON waiting for RESTART Flashes NO feedback	OUTPUT condition

Table 25 - Dynamic screen

MO4 (Figure 15)
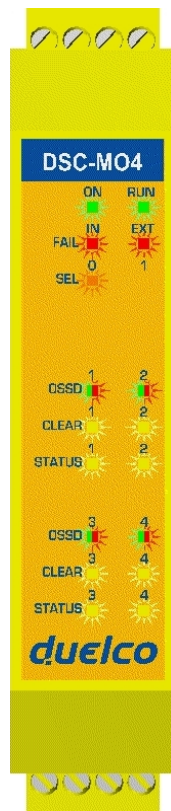
MEANING	LED						
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	OSDD1/4 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/4 YELLOW	STATUS1/4 YELLOW
Power on - initial TEST	ON	ON	ON	ON	Red	ON	ON

Table 26 - Opening screen

MEANING	LED						
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	SEL ORANGE	OSDD1/4 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/4 YELLOW	STATUS1/4 YELLOW
NORMAL OPERATION	**OFF** if the unit is waiting for the first communication from the MASTER **FLASHES** if no INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration **ON** if INPUT or OUTPUT requested by the configuration	OFF op. OK	OFF op. OK	Shows the NODE_SEL0/1 signal table	RED with output OFF GREEN with output ON	ON waiting for RESTART Flashes NO feedback	OUTPUT condition

Table 27 - Dynamic screen

Figure 15 - MO4

MR2 (Figure 16) / MR4 (Figure 17)

Figure 16 - MR2   Figure 17 - MR4

MEANING	LED
	OSSD1
	GREEN
NORMAL OPERATION	ON with output activated

Table 28 - MR2 - Dynamic screen

MEANING	LED	
	OSSD1	OSSD2
	GREEN	GREEN
NORMAL OPERATION	ON with output activated	

Table 29 - MR4 - Dynamic screen

TROUBLESHOOTING

Master M1 (Figure 18)
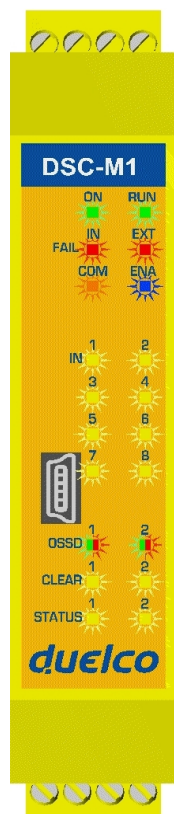
Figure 18 - M1

MEANING	LED									REMEDY
	RUN GREEN	IN FAIL RED	EXT FAIL RED	COM ORANGE	IN1÷8 YELLOW	ENA BLUE	OSSD1/2 RED/GREEN	CLEAR1/2 YELLOW	STATUS1/2 YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Configuration error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF	OFF	5 flashes	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Upload the project to the DSC again. • If the problem persists return the M1 to Duelco to be repaired
OSSD output error	OFF	4 flashes	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	4 flashes (only the LED corresponding to the output in FAIL mode)	OFF	OFF	• Check the OSSD1/2 connections • If the problem persists return the M1 to Duelco to be repaired
Error in communication with slave	OFF	5 flashes	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system. • If the problem persists return the M1 to Duelco to be repaired
Slave unit error	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
MCM error	OFF	6 flashes	OFF	6 flashes	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Replace the MCM

Table 30 - Troubleshooting M1

English

MI8O2 **(Figure 19)**

MEANING	LED								REMEDY
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	IN1÷8	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2	
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	Shows the physical address of the unit	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Compatibility error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Firmware version not compatible with M1, return to Duelco for FW upgrade.
OSSD output error	OFF	4 flashes	OFF		OFF	4 flashes (only the LED corresponding to the output in FAIL mode)	OFF	OFF	• Check OSSD1/2 connections • If the problem persists, return the MI8O2 to Duelco to be repaired
Error in communication with master	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • If the problem persists, return the MI8O2 to Duelco to be repaired
Error on other slave or M1	OFF	ON	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
Same type of slave with same address detected	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Change the unit's address (see **NODE SEL**)

Table 31 - Troubleshooting MI8O2

Figure 19 - MI8O2

MI8 (Figure 20)

MEANING	LED								REMEDY
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	IN1÷8	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2	
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	Shows the physical address of the unit	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Compatibility error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Firmware version not compatible with M1, return to Duelco for FW upgrade.
Error in communication with master	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • If the problem persists, return the MI8 to Duelco to be repaired
Error on other slave or M1	OFF	ON	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
Same type of slave with same address detected	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Change the unit's address (see NODE SEL)

Table 32 - Troubleshooting MI8

Figure 20 - MI8

MI12T8 (Figure 21)

Figure 21 - MI12T8

MEANING	LED								REMEDY
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	IN1÷12	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2	
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	Shows the physical address of the unit	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Compatibility error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Firmware version not compatible with M1, return to Duelco for FW upgrade.
Error in communication with master	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • If the problem persists, return the MI12T8 to Duelco to be repaired
Error on other slave or M1	OFF	ON	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
Same type of slave with same address detected	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Change the unit's address (see NODE SEL)

Table 33 - Troubleshooting MI12T8

MI16 (Figure 22 - MI16)
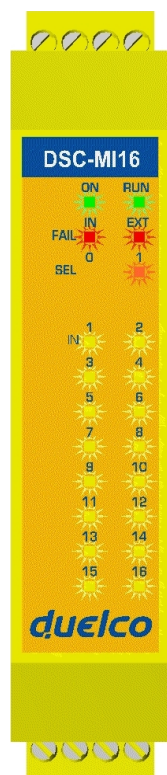
Figure 22 - MI16

MEANING	LED								REMEDY
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	IN1÷16	OSSD1/2	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2	
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	Shows the physical address of the unit	OFF	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Compatibility error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Firmware version not compatible with M1, return to Duelco for FW upgrade.
Error in communication with master	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • If the problem persists, return the MI16 to Duelco to be repaired
Error on other slave or M1	OFF	ON	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
Same type of slave with same address detected	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	• Change the unit's address (see NODE SEL)

Table 34 - Troubleshooting MI16

English
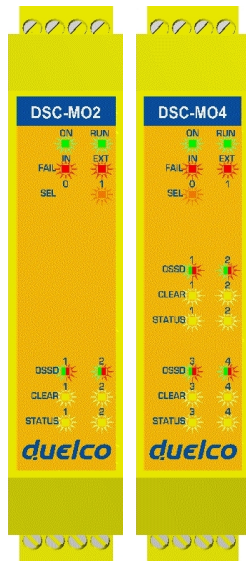
MO2 / MO4 (Figure 23)

Figure 23 - MO2 / MO4

MEANING	LED							REMEDY
	RUN	IN FAIL	EXT FAIL	SEL	OSSD1/4	CLEAR1/2	STATUS1/2	
	GREEN	RED	RED	ORANGE	RED/GREEN	YELLOW	YELLOW	
Internal fault	OFF	2 or 3 flashes	OFF	Shows the physical address of the unit	Red	OFF	OFF	Return the unit to Duelco to be repaired
Compatibility error	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		5 flashes	5 flashes	5 flashes	• Firmware version not compatible with M1, return to Duelco for FW upgrade.
OSSD output error	OFF	4 flashes	OFF		4 flashes (only the LED corresponding to the output in FAIL mode)	OFF	OFF	• Check OSSD1/2 connections • If the problem persists, return the MO2/4 to Duelco to be repaired
Error in communication with master	OFF	5 flashes	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • If the problem persists, return the MI8O2 to Duelco to be repaired
Error on other slave or M1	OFF	ON	OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF	• Restart the system • Check which unit is in FAIL mode
Same type of slave with same address detected	OFF	5 flashes	5 flashes		OFF	OFF	OFF	• Change the unit's address (see NODE SEL)

Table 35 - Troubleshooting MO2/MO4

English

DSC SAFETY DESIGNER SOFTWARE

The *"DSC SAFETY DESIGNER"* application software can be used to configure a logic diagram of the connections between the DSC (Master + expansions) and the components of the system being developed.

The DSC and its SLAVE units will thus monitor and control the connected safety components.

The DSD uses a versatile graphic interface to establish the connections between the various components, as described below:

Installing the software

PC HARDWARE requirements

- RAM: 256 MB
  (adequate to run *Windows XP SP3 + Framework 3.5*)
- Hard disk: $\geq$ 100Mbyte of free space
- USB connector: 1.1 or 2.0
- CD-ROM drive

PC SOFTWARE requirements

- Windows XP with Service Pack 3 installed (or higher OS).

➜ Microsoft Framework 3.5 (or higher) must be installed on the PC

How to install DSD

- Insert the installation CD;
- Wait for the auto-run installer to request the SW setup program;

Alternatively follow the path D:/;
- Double-click on the DSCSETUP.exe file;

When the installation procedure is complete a window is displayed asking you to close the setup program.

English

Fundamentals

Once the DSD has been correctly installed it creates an icon on the desktop.

To launch the program: double-click on this icon. =>

The opening screen shown below is displayed:
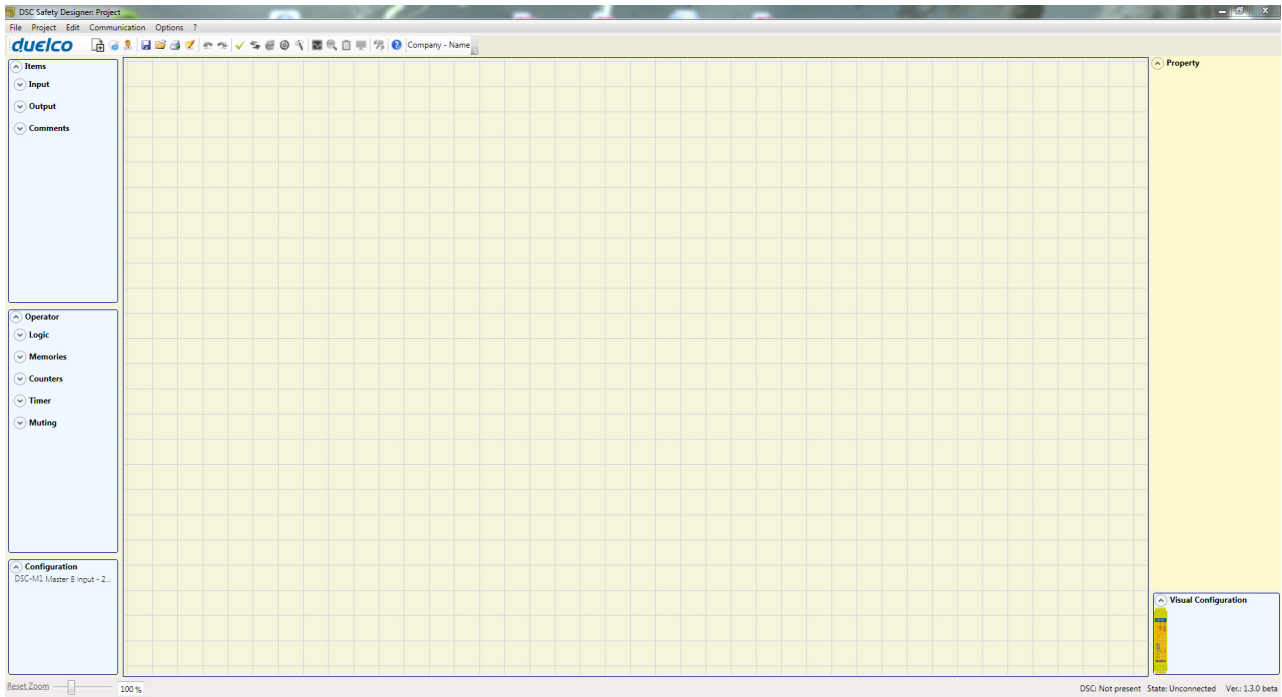
Figure 24

You are now ready to create your project.

english

Standard tool bar

The standard tool bar is shown in Figure 25. The meanings of the icons are listed below:

1 ->   **CREATE A NEW PROJECT**

2 ->   **CHANGE CONFIGURATION (composition of different modules)**

3 ->   **CHANGE USER PARAMETERS (name, company, etc)**

4 ->   **SAVE THE ACTUAL PROJECT**

5 ->   **LOAD AN EXISTING PROJECT**

6 ->   **PRINT THE PROJECT SCHEMATIC**

7 ->   **PRINT THE PROJECT REPORT**

8 ->   **VALIDATE THE PROJECT**

9 ->   **CONNECT TO DSC**

10 ->   **SEND PROJECT TO DSC**

11 ->   **DISCONNECT FROM DSC**

12 ->   **MONITOR (Real time I/O status - graphic)**

13 ->   **MONITOR (Real time I/O status - textual)**

14 ->   **UPLOAD LOG FILE**

15 ->   **UPLOAD SYSTEM CONFIGURATION**

16 ->   **CHANGE PASSWORD**

18 ->   **PASSWORD RECOVERY**

Figure 25

Textual tool bar

Optionally the textual tool bar shown below is also available (drop down).
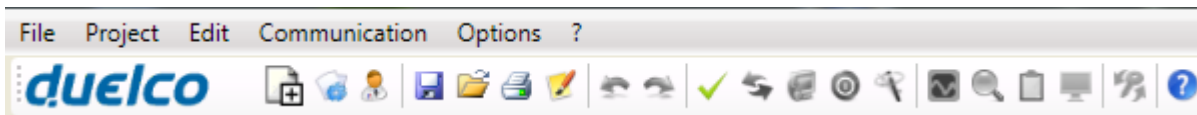
Figure 26

Create a new project (configure the DSC system)

Select icon CREATE (Figure 25) from the standard tool bar to start a new project. The user authentication window is displayed (Figure 27).
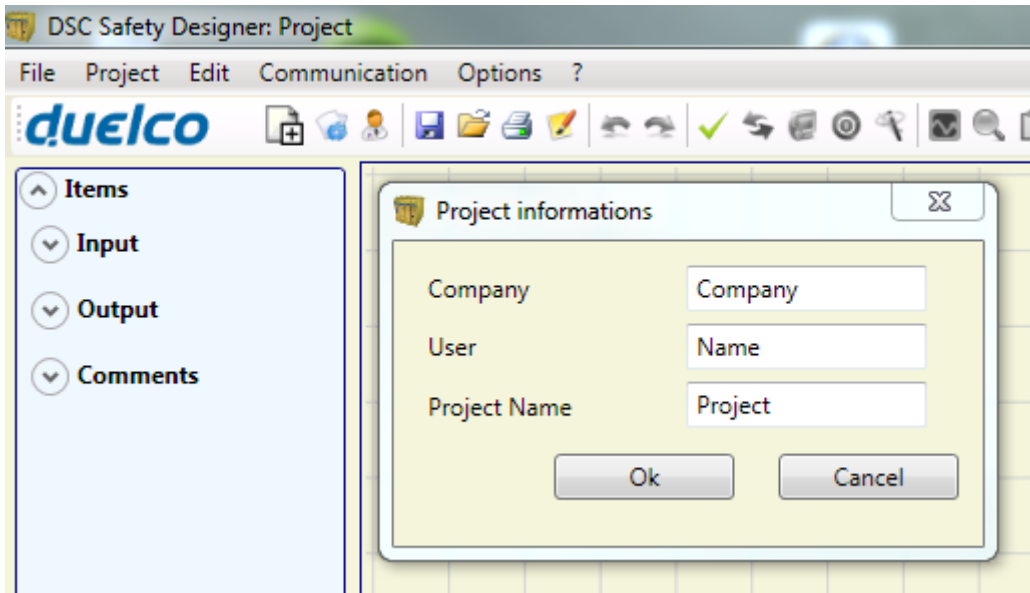
Figure 27

Next the DSD displays a window showing the M1 only.
You may add the various units needed to create your system, using the pull-down menus at the top of the screen (select slave) and at the bottom to select the relative node (0÷3).

SELECT SLAVE (to add to your configuration)

Figure 28
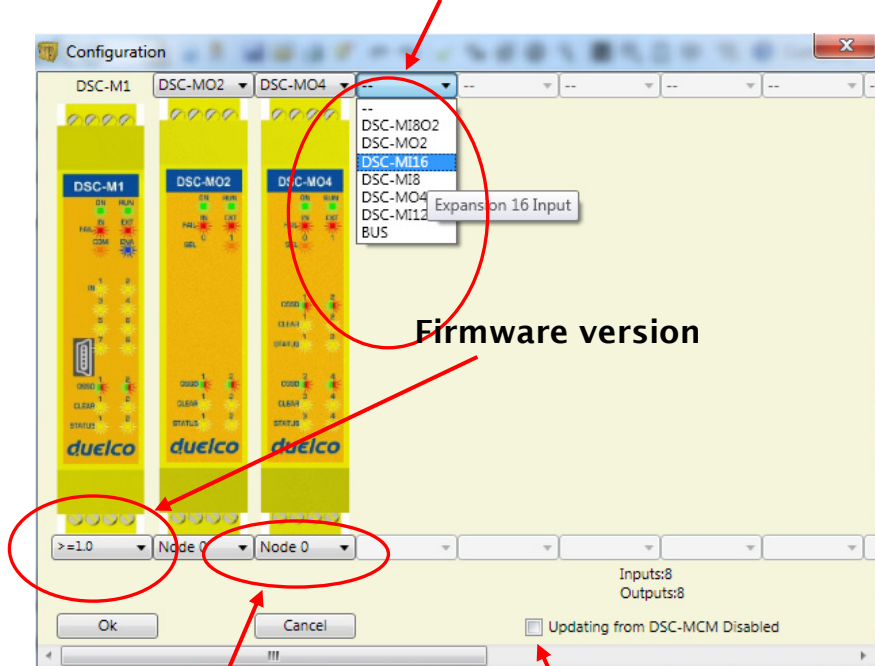
SELECT NODE (from 0 to 3)   Select to disable MCM operations

english

EDIT CONFIGURATION (composition of the various modules)

The change of the system composition is obtained with the icon .
The configuration window is showed again (Figure 25).

Change user parameters

The change of user parameters is obtained with the icon .
The dialog user identification request appears (Figure 29). To accomplish this operation is not necessary to Log out from DSC. Generally it serves when a new user must create a new project (even using a previously created).

Figure 29

English
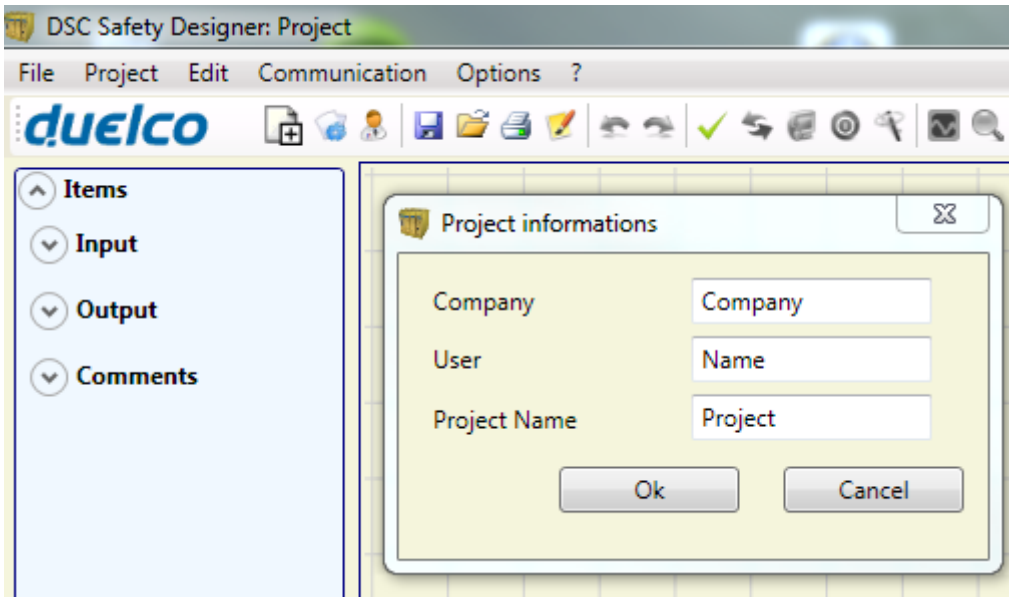
OBJECTS - OPERATOR - CONFIGURATION tool bars

Four large tool windows are displayed to the left and right of the main window (shown in Figure 30):
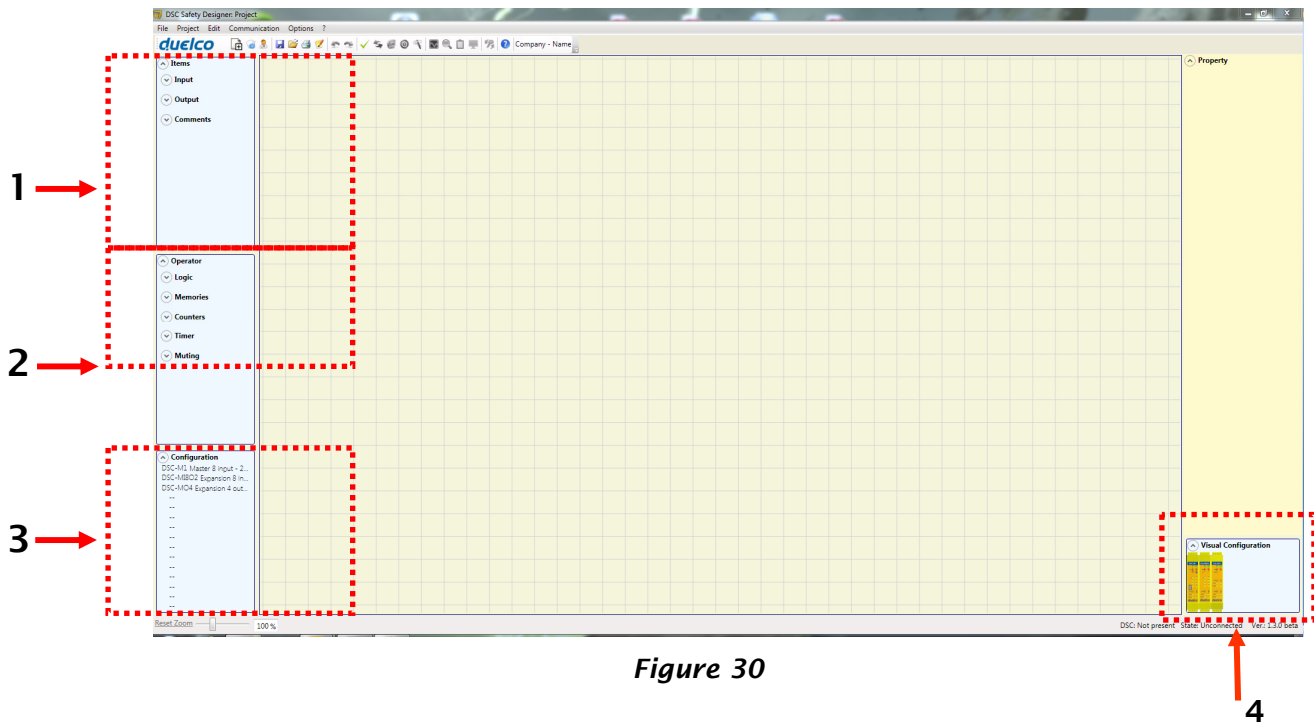
Figure 30

1 > **OBJECT TOOL WINDOW**
This contains the various function blocks that will make up your project; these blocks are divided into 3 different types:
- physical
- inputs
- outputs
- comments

2 > **OPERATOR TOOL WINDOW**
This contains the various function blocks for connecting the objects in point 1; these blocks are divided into 6 different types:
- logical
- muting
- memories
- counters
- press
- timers

3 > **CONFIGURATION TOOL WINDOW**
This contains the description of your project composition.

4 > **CONFIGURATION TOOL WINDOW (view)**
This contains the graphic representation of your project composition.

english

Creating the diagram (Figure 16)

Once you have selected your system composition, you are ready to configure the project.

The logic diagram is created using a DRAG&DROP function:

• Select the objects as required from the windows described previously (each single object is described in detail in the following sections) and drag it into the design area.

• Now when you select the object the PROPERTIES window is enabled, where you must fill in the fields as required.

• When you need to set a specific numerical value with a slide (eg filter) use the left and right arrows on your keyboard or click the sides of the slider of the slide.

• Connect the objects by moving the mouse over the required pin and then dragging it onto the pin to be connected.

• If the scheme requires the PAN function (moving working area in the window), select the object to move and use the arrow keys on your keyboard.

• When you need to duplicate an object, select it and press CTRL+C / CTRL+V keys on your keyboard.

• When you need to delete an object or a link, select it and press DEL key on your keyboard.

Figure 31

English
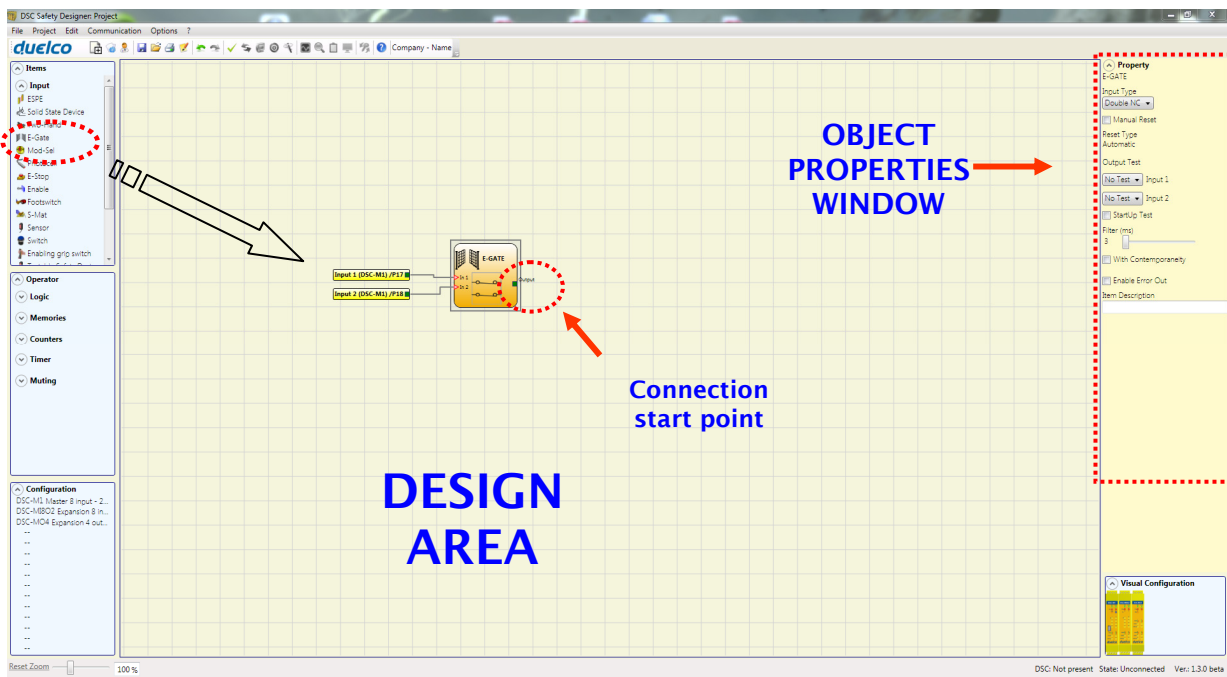
Example of a project

Figure 32 shows an example of a project in which the M1 unit only is connected to two safety blocks (E-GATE and E-STOP).

The M1 inputs (1,2,3) for connecting the contacts of the safety components are shown on the left, in yellow. The DSC outputs (from 1 to 4) are activated according to the conditions defined in E-GATE and E-STOP (see the _E-GATE_ - _E-STOP_ sections).

By clicking on a block to select it, you enable the PROPERTIES WINDOW on the right, which you can use to configure the block activation and test parameters (see the _E-GATE_ - _E-STOP_ sections).
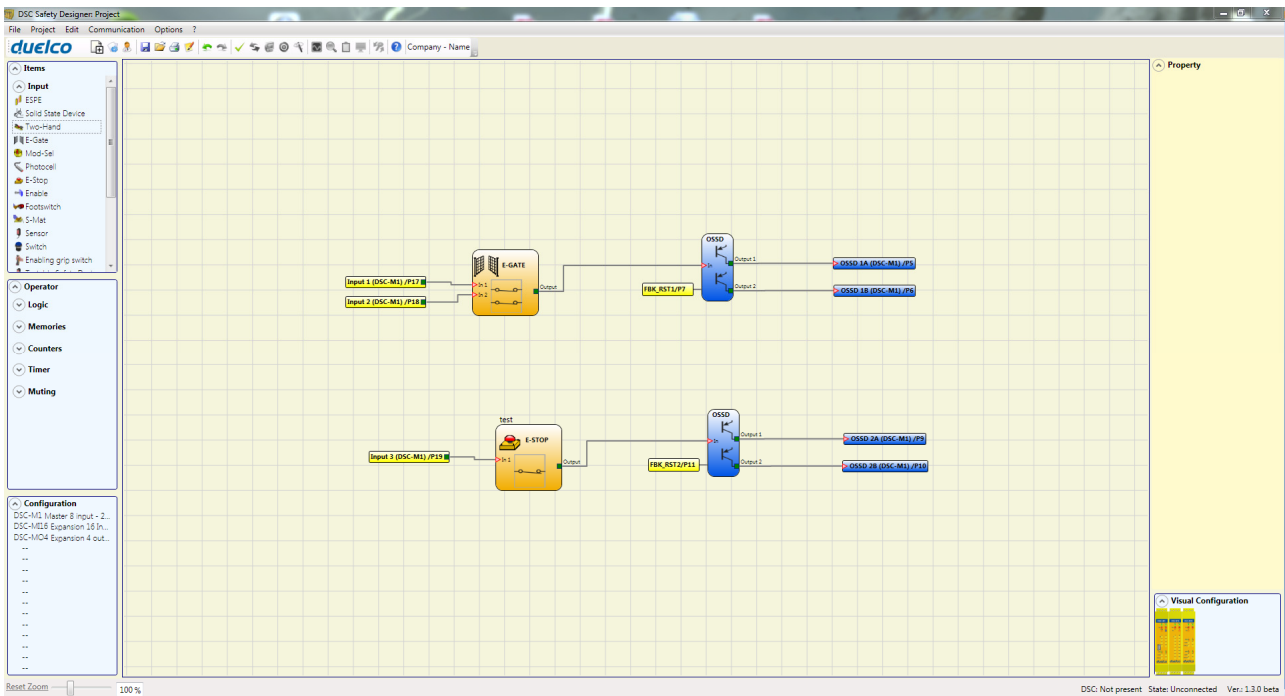
Figure 32

At the end of the project design stage (or at intermediate steps) you can save the current configuration using the icon SAVE on the standard tool bar.

Project validation

➜ **Now the finished project must be verified. Execute the VALIDATE command (Icon ✓ on the standard toolbar).**

If the validation is successful, a sequential number is assigned to the input and output of the project. Then, this number is also listed in the REPORT and in the MONITOR of DSD.

Only if the validation is successful we will proceed to send the configuration.

⚡ **The validation function only verifies the consistency of programming with respect to the characteristics of the DSC system. It does not guarantee that the device has been programmed to meet all the safety requirements for the application.**

Project report

Print of the System composition with properties of each block. (Icon **on the standard toolbar).**

Duelco Safety solutions

Project Report generated by DSC Safety Designer version 1.3.0

Project Name: Project
User: Name
Company: Company
Date: 13-04-2012 10:45:57
Schematic CRC: 6F5AH

DSC: Configuration
Module DSC-M1 (Configured Firmware version: FW >= 1.0 <1.3)
Module DSC-MI16 Node 0 (Minimum Required Firmware version: 0.1)
Module DSC-MO4 Node 0 (Minimum Required Firmware version: 0.0)

DSC: Safety Information's
PFHd (according to IEC 61508): 1,66E-008 (1/h)
MTTFd (according to EN ISO 13849-1): 100 years
DCavg (according to EN ISO 13849-1): 97.78 %

Attention!
This definition of PL and of the other related parameters as set forth in ISO 13849 1 only refers to the functions implemented in the DSC system by the DSD configuration software, assuming configuration has been performed correctly.
The actual PL of the entire application and the relative parameters must consider data for all the devices connected to the DSC system within the scope of the application.
This must only be performed by the user/installer.

Resources used

INPUT: 12% (3/24)
Functional Blocks: 2

Total number blocks: 0% (0/64)

OSSD: 33% (2/6)
STATUS: 0% (0/6)

Electrical diagram

E-Gate
Functional Block 1
Filter (ms): 3
Reset Type: Automatic
StartUp Test: False
Double NC
Connections:
DSC-M1 INPUT1/Terminal17
DSC-M1 INPUT2/Terminal18

E-Stop (test)
Functional Block 2
Filter (ms): 3
Reset Type: Automatic
StartUp Test: False
Single
Connections:
DSC-M1 INPUT3/Terminal19

OSSD1
Reset Type: Automatic
Response time: 15,778 ms
Dependence on inputs:
Functional Block 1
Connections:
DSC-M1 OSSD1A/Terminal5

⚡ This definition of PL and of the other related parameters as set forth in ISO 13849-1 only refers to the functions implemented in the DSC system by the DSD configuration software, assuming configuration has been performed correctly.

⚡ The actual PL of the entire application and the relative parameters must consider data for all the devices connected to the DSC system within the scope of the application.

⚡ This must only be performed by the user/installer.

English

Connect to DSC

After connecting M1 to the PC via CSU cable (USB) use the icon 🔄 for the connection.

A window appears to request the password. Enter the password (see "Password protection").
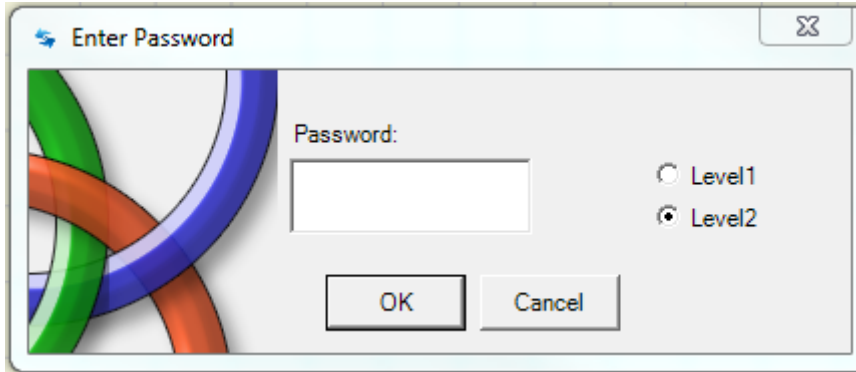

Figure 33

Sending the configuration to the DSC

To send the saved configuration from a PC to M1 use the icon 🖥 on the standard toolbar and wait the execution. M1 will save the project in its internal memory and (if present) in MCM memory. (Password Required: level 2).

➡ This function is possible only after project validation with OK result.

Configuration LOG

➡ Within the configuration file (project), are included the creation date and CRC (4-digit hexadecimal identification) of a project that are stored in M1.

➡ This logbook can record up to 5 consecutive events, after which these are overwritten, starting from the least recent event.

The log file can be visualized using the icon 📋 in the standard tool bar.
(Password Required: level 1).

Figure 34

english
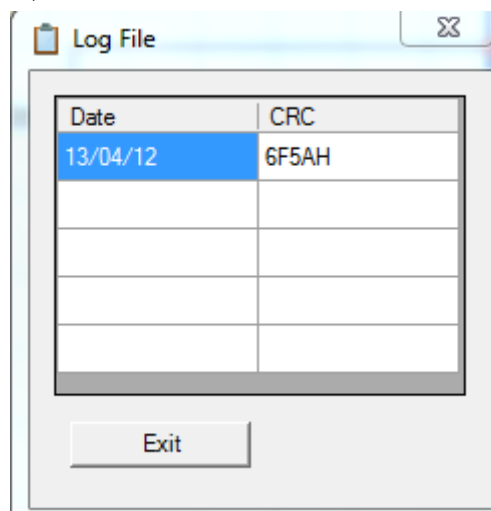
System composition

The check of the actual composition of the DSC system is obtained using the icon

. (Password Required: level 1). A pop-up window will appear with:

- Connected modules;

- Firmware version of each module;
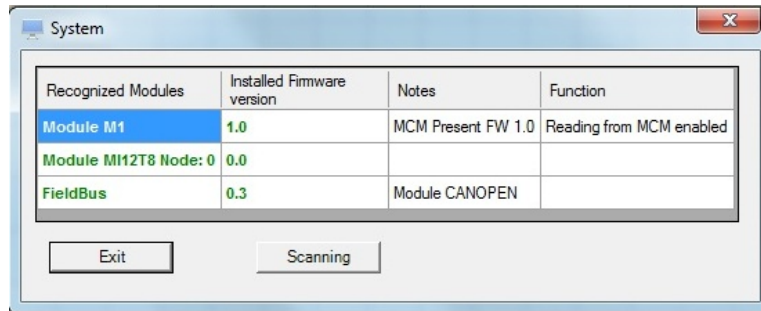
- Node number (physical address) of each module.

Figure 35

If the modules found are not correct the following window will appear; e.g. MI12T8 node number not correct (displayed in red color text).
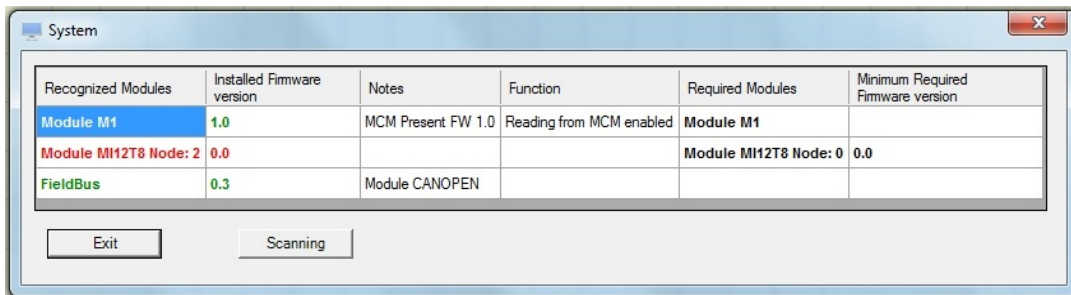

Figure 36

Disconnecting System

To disconnect the PC from M1 use the icon   ; when the system is disconnected it is resetted and it starts with the sent project.

➔ **If the system is not composed of all modules provided by the configuration, after the disconnection, M1 indicates the incongruity and does not starts. (See SIGNALS).**

English

MONITOR (I/O status in real time - textual)

To activate the monitor use the icon **. (Password Required: level 1).**
A pop-up window will appear (in real time) with:
- Status of the inputs (when the object has two or more input connections to DSC, the
  MONITOR will show as active only the first), see the example in figure;
- Inputs Diagnostics;
- OSSD State;
- OSSD Diagnostics;
- Status of digital outputs;
- OUT TEST diagnostics.

Figure 37 - textual monitor

MONITOR (I/O status in real time - textual - graphic)

To activate/deactivate the monitor use the icon **. (Password Required: level 1).**
The color of links (Figure 33) allows you to view the diagnostics (in real time) with:
RED = OFF
GREEN = ON
DASHED ORANGE = Connection Error
DASHED RED = Pending enable (for example RESTART)
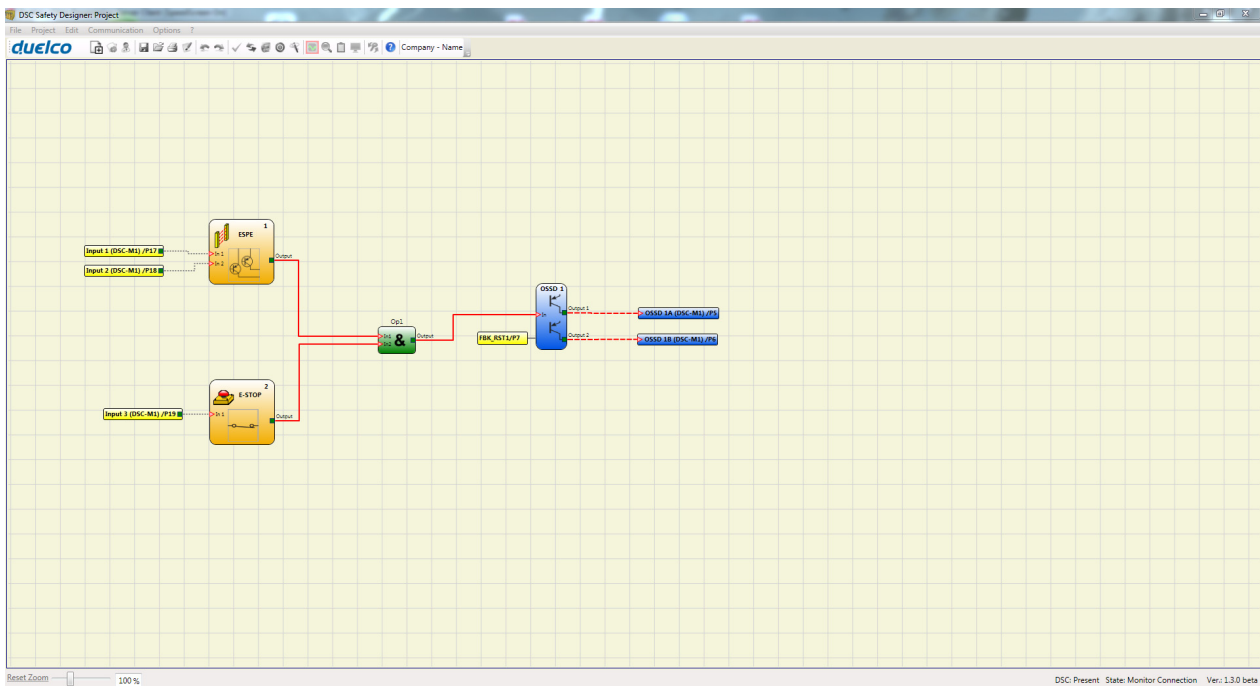**Placing the mouse pointer over the link, you can display the diagnostics.**

Figure 38 - graphic monitor

english

Password protection

The DSD requests a password in order to upload and save the project.

Level 1 password

All operators using the M1 system must have a Level 1 PASSWORD.

This Password allows only to view the LOG file, composition of the system and MONITOR in real time.

The first time the system is initialised the operator must use the password "" (ENTER key).

Designers who know the level 2 password can enter a new level 1 password (alphanumerical, max 8 characters).

➔   **Operators who know this password are not enabled to upload, modify or save the project.**

Level 2 password

Designers authorised to work on the creation of the project must know a Level 2 PASSWORD. The first time the system is initialised the operator must use the password "SAFEPASS" (all capital letters).

Designers who know the level 2 password can enter a new level 2 password (alphanumerical, max 8 characters).

➔   **This password enables the project to be uploaded, modified and saved. In other words, it allows total control of the PC => DSC system.**

➔   **When a new project is UPLOADED the level 2 password could be changed.**

➔   **Should you forget either of these passwords, please contact DUELCO which will provide an unlock file (when the unlock file is saved in the right directory the icon 🥄 will appear on the toolbar). When the icon is activated, the password level 1 and level 2 are restored to their original values. This password is only given to the designer and can only be used once.**

Password Change

To activate the PASSWORD Change use icon 🧰, after connecting with Level 2 Password.

A window appears (Figure 39) allowing the choice of the new password; insert the old and new passwords in the appropriate fields (max 8 characters). Click OK.

At the end of the operation disconnect to restart the system.

If MCM is present the new password is also saved in it.

Figure 39

English

TESTING the system

> ⚡ **After validating and uploading the project to the M1 and connecting all the safety devices, you must test the system to verify its correct operation.**

This is done by forcing a change of status for each safety device connected to the DSC to check that the status of the outputs actually changes.
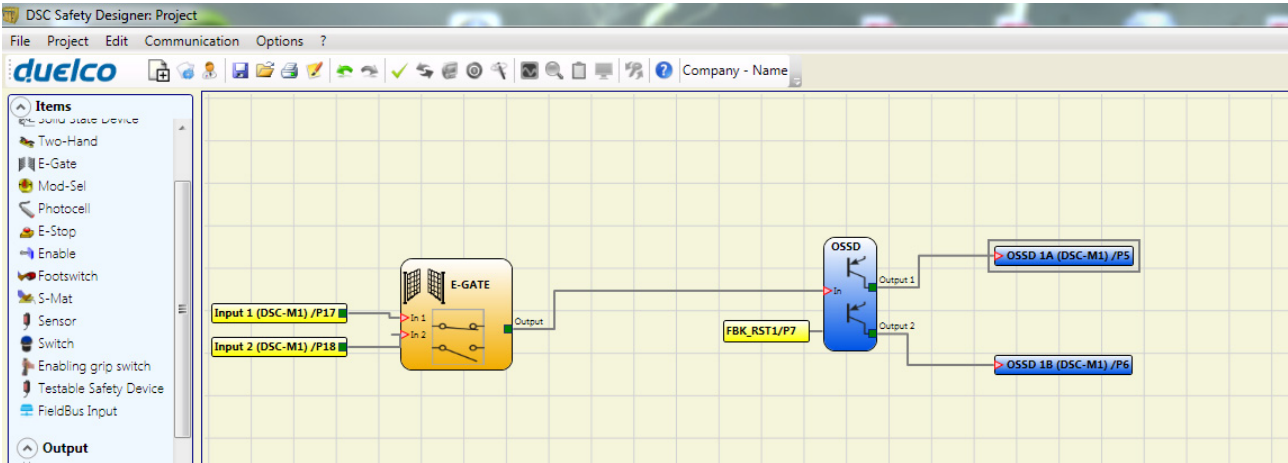The following example is helpful for understanding the TEST procedure.

Figure 40

(t1) In the normal operating condition (E-GATE closed) Input1 is closed, Input2 is open and the output of the E-GATE block is set to high logic level; in this mode the safety outputs (OSSD1/2) are active and the power supply to the relative terminals is 24VDC.

(t2) When the E-GATE is <u>physically</u> opened, the condition of the inputs and thus of the outputs of the E-GATE block will change: (OUT= 0VDC--->24VDC); the condition of the OSSD1-OSSD2 safety outputs will change from 24VDC to 0VDC. If this change is detected the mobile E-GATE is connected correctly.
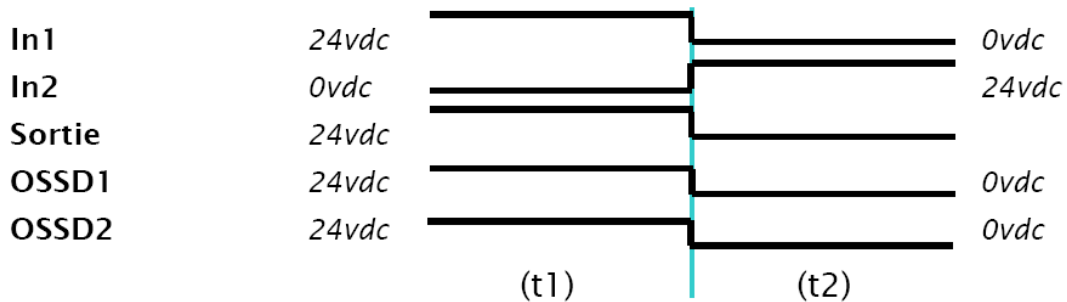
> ⚡ **For the correct installation of each external sensor/component refer to their installation manual.**
> ⚡ **This test must be performed for each safety component in the project.**

OBJECT FUNCTION BLOCKS

OUTPUT OBJECTS

OSSD (safety outputs)

The OSSD semiconductor safety outputs require no maintenance, Output1 and Output2 supply 24Vdc if the input is 1 (TRUE), whereas they supply 0Vdc if the input is 0 (FALSE).

➔ **Each pair of OSSD has an entrance on RESTART_FBK. This input must always be connected as described in paragraph RESTART_FBK.**
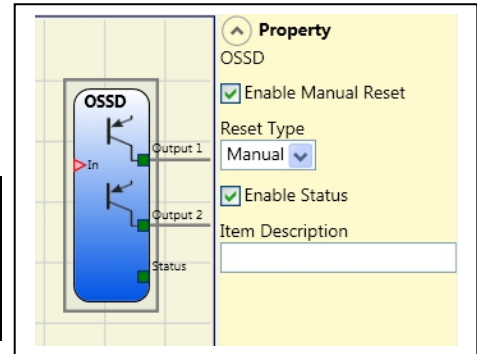
Parameters

Manual reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the input signal falls. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**

There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

Enable status: **If checked enables the connection of the current status of the OSSD with a STATUS.**

MANUAL
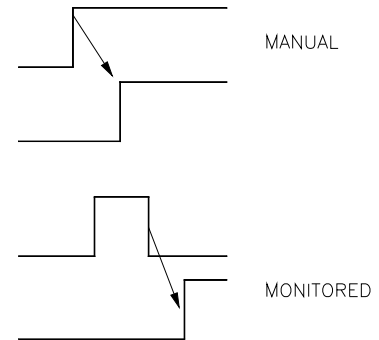
MONITORED

STATUS (signal output)

STATUS output (NOT SAFETY OUTPUT) makes it possible to monitor any point on the diagram by connecting it to the input. The output returns 24Vdc if the input is 1 (TRUE), or 0Vdc if the input is 0 (FALSE).
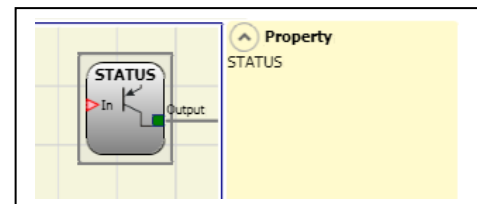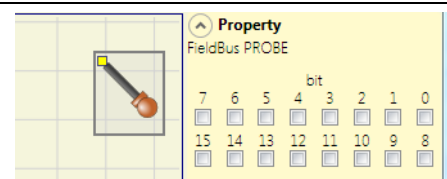
⚡ WARNING: The STATUS output is NOT a safety output.

FIELDBUS PROBE

Element that permits display of the status of any point of the scheme on the fieldbus.
Up to 16 probes can be inserted and the bit on which status is represented must be entered for each.
States are represented with 2 bytes on the fieldbus.
(For more detailed information, consult the fieldbus manual on the DSD CD-ROM).

⚡ WARNING: the PROBE output is NOT a safety output

English

INPUT OBJECTS

E-STOP (emergency stop)

E-STOP function block verifies an emergency stop device inputs status. If the emergency stop button has been pressed the output is 0 (FALSE). If not the output is 1 (TRUE).

Parameters

Input type:
- **Single NC – allows connection of one-way emergency stops**
- **Double NC – allows connection of two-way emergency stops .**

Manual reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the emergency stop is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

MANUAL

MONITORED

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (ONE CONTACT)

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (TWO CONTACTS)
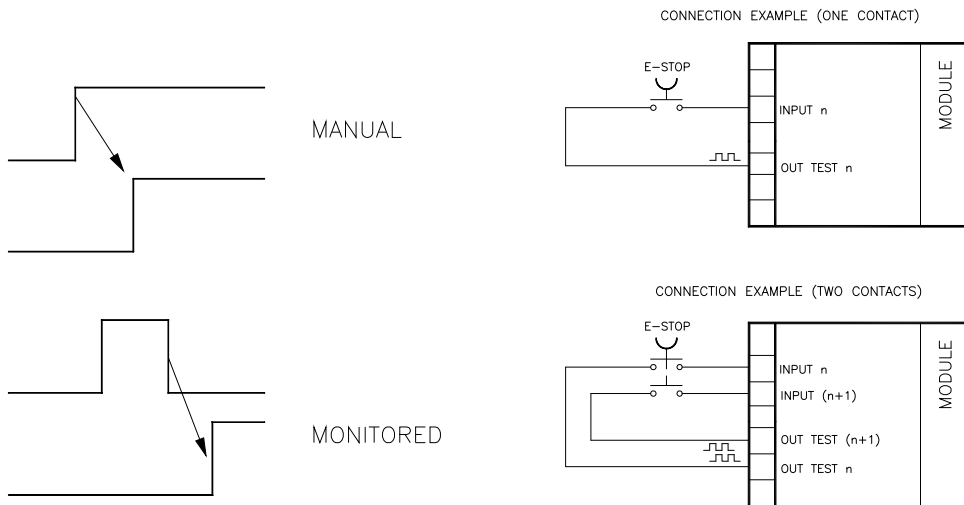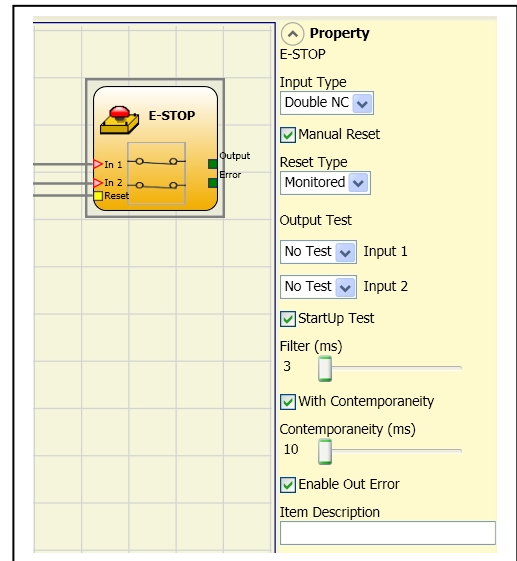
➔ **WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input has to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the functional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

Output test: **This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the emergency stop (mushroom pushbutton). This additional test makes it possible to detect and manage any short-circuits between the lines. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).**
Test at start-up: **If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component (emergency stop). This test is performed by pressing and releasing the**

pushbutton to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the emergency stop. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

With Contemporaneity: If selected this activates the test to verify concurrent switching of the signals coming from the emergency stop.

Contemporaneity (ms): This is only active if the previous parameter is enabled. It defines the maximum time (in msecs) between the switching of two different signals from the emergency stop.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

E-GATE (safety gate device)

E-GATE function block verifies a mobile guard or safety gate device input status. If the mobile guard or safety gate is open, the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise the output is 1 (TRUE).
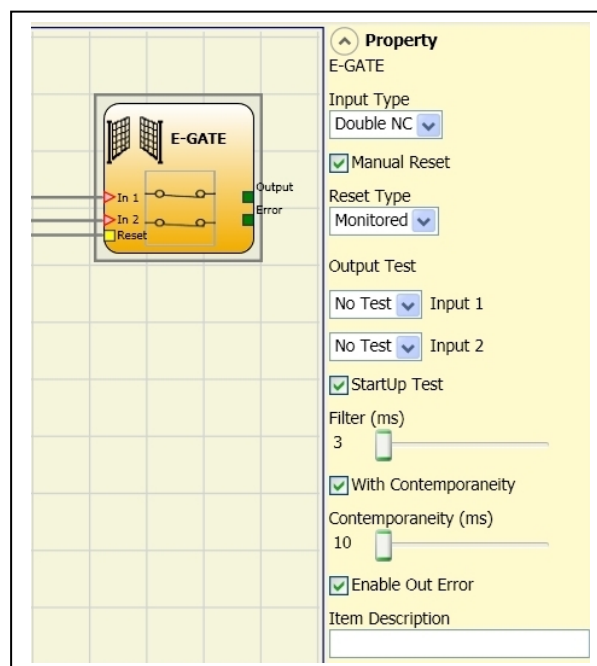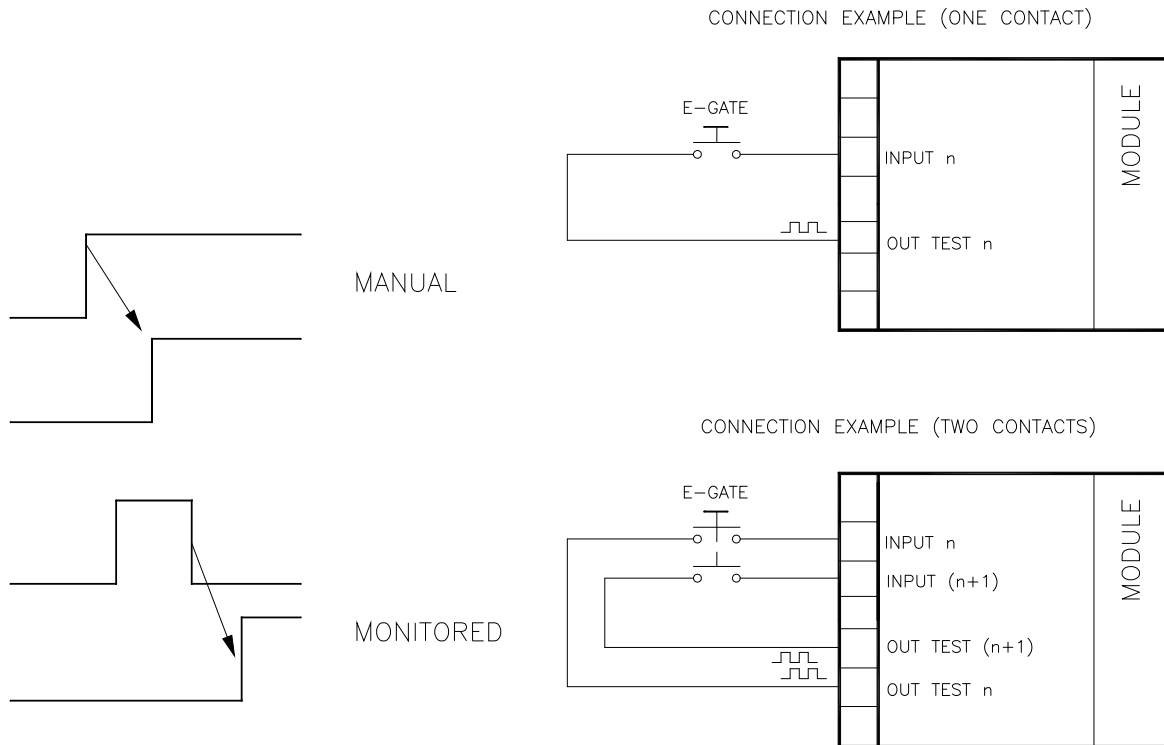
Parameters

Input type:
- Double NC – Allows connection of components with two NC contacts
- Double NC/NO – Allows connection of components with one NO contact and one NC.

Enable reset: If selected this enables the request to reset each time the mobile guard/safety gate is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.

There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (ONE CONTACT)

MANUAL

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (TWO CONTACTS)

MONITORED

➜ **WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the fuctional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

Output test: This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the component contacts. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).

Test at start-up: If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by opening the mobile guard or safety gate to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the external contacts. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

With Contemporaneity: If selected this activates the test to verify concurrent switching of the signals coming from the external contacts.

Contemporaneity (ms): This is only active if the previous parameter is enabled. It defines the maximum time (in msecs) between the switching of two different signals from the external contacts.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

ENABLE (enable key)

ENABLE function block verifies a manual key device Input status. If the key is not turned the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise the output is 1 (TRUE).
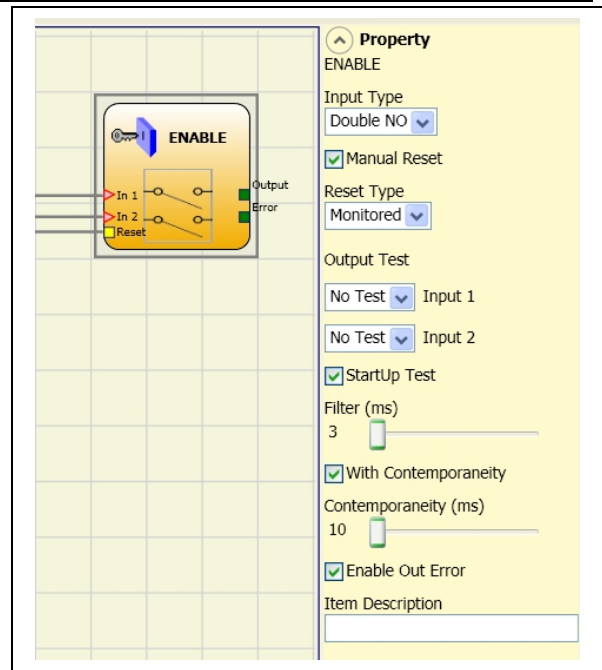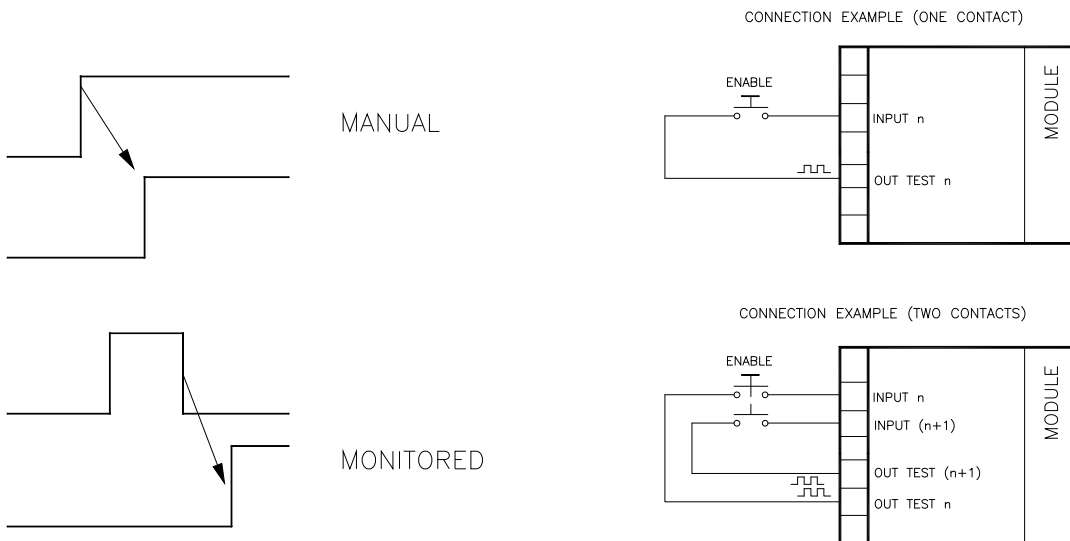
Parameters

Input type
- **Single NO – Allows connection of components with one NO contact;**
- **Double NO – Allows connection of components with two NO contacts.**

Enable reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the command is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

➡ **WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the fuctional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

Output test: **This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the component contacts. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).**

Test at start-up: **If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by opening and activating the enable key to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).**

Filter (ms): **This is used to filter the signals coming from the external contacts. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.**

English

With Contemporaneity: If selected this activates the test to verify concurrent switching of the signals coming from the external contacts.

Contemporaneity (ms): This is only active if the previous parameter is enabled. It defines the maximum time (in msecs) between the switching of two different signals from the external contacts.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

ESPE (optoelectronic safety light curtain / laser scanner)

ESPE function block verifies an optoelectronic safety light curtain (or laser scanner) inputs state. If the area protected by the light curtain is occupied, (light curtain outputs FALSE) the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise, with the area clear and outputs to 1 (TRUE) the output is 1 (TRUE).
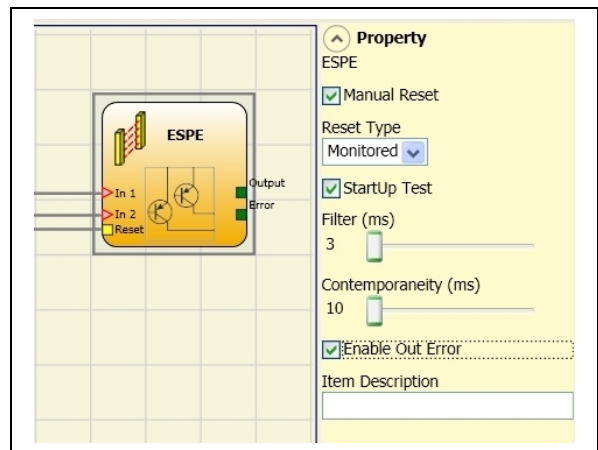

Parameters

Enable reset: If selected this enables the request to reset each time the area protected by the safety light curtain is occupied. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.
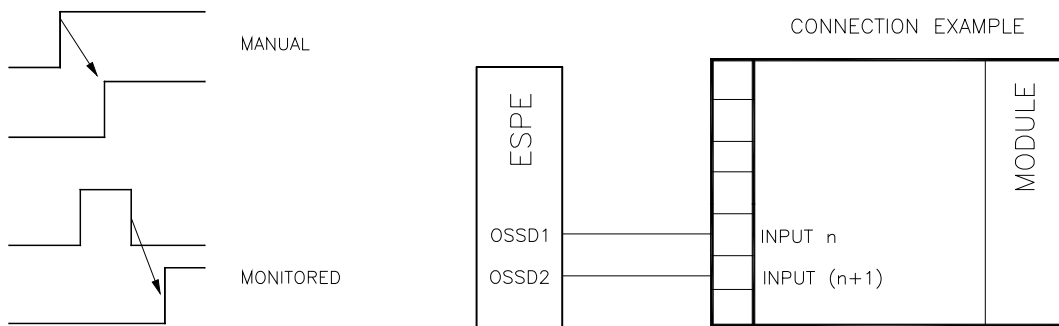
➔ WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the fuctional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.

OUT TEST signals cannot be used in case of safety static output ESPE because the control is carried out from the ESPE.

Test at start-up: If selected this enables the test at start-up of the safety light curtain. This test is performed by occupying and clearing the area protected by the safety light curtain to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the safety light curtain. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on

english

the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

With Contemporaneity: If selected this activates the test to verify concurrent switching of the signals coming from the safety light curtain.
Contemporaneity (ms): This is only active if the previous parameter is enabled. It defines the maximum time (in msecs) between the switching of two different signals from the safety light curtain.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

English

FOOTSWITCH (safety pedal)

The FOOTSWITCH function block verifies the status of the inputs of a safety pedal device. If the pedal is not pressed the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise the output is 1 (TRUE).
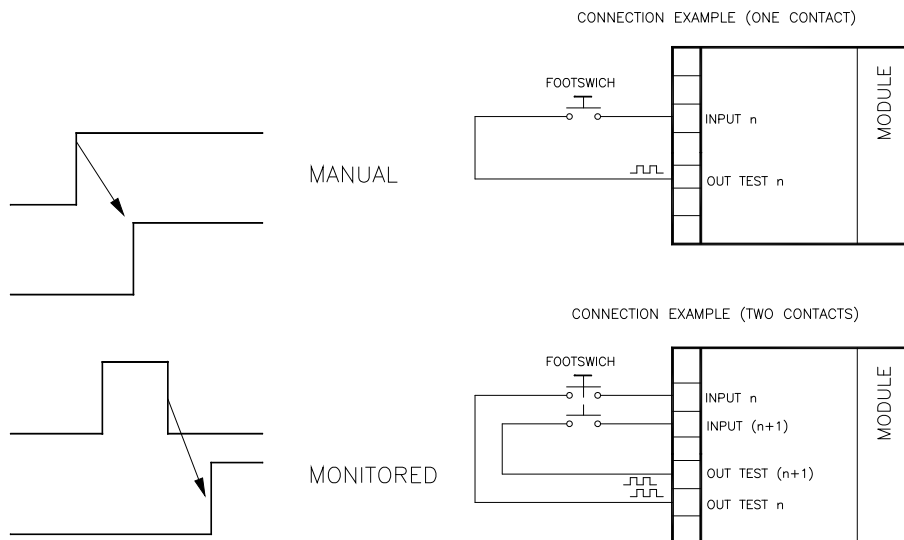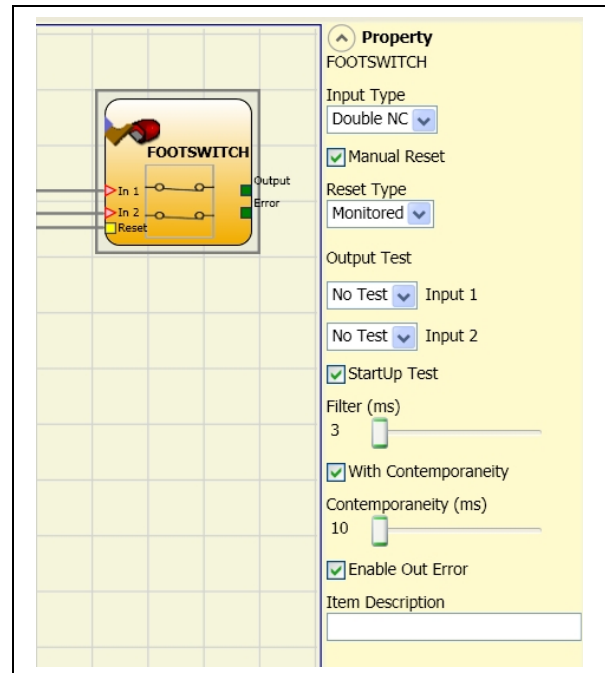
Parameters

Input type:
- **Single NC** – Allows connection of pedals with one NC contact
- **Single NO** – Allows connection of pedals with one NO contact.
- **Double NC** – Allows connection of pedals with two NC contacts
- **Double NC/NO** – Allows connection of pedals with one NO contact and one NC.

Manual reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the safety pedal is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (ONE CONTACT)

MANUAL

CONNECTION EXAMPLE (TWO CONTACTS)

MONITORED

➔ **WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the functional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

Output test: **This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the component contacts. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).**

Test at start-up: **If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by pressing and releasing the footswitch to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).**

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the external contacts. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

With Contemporaneity: If selected this activates the test to verify concurrent switching of the signals coming from the external contacts.

Contemporaneity (ms): This is only active if the previous parameter is enabled. It defines the maximum time (in msecs) between the switching of two different signals from the external contacts.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

MOD-SEL (safety selector)

The MOD-SEL function block verifies the status of the inputs from a mode selector (up to 4 inputs): If only one input is 1 (TRUE) the corresponding output is also 1 (TRUE). In all other cases, and thus when all inputs are 0 (FALSE) or more than one input is 1 (TRUE) all the outputs are 0 (FALSE).
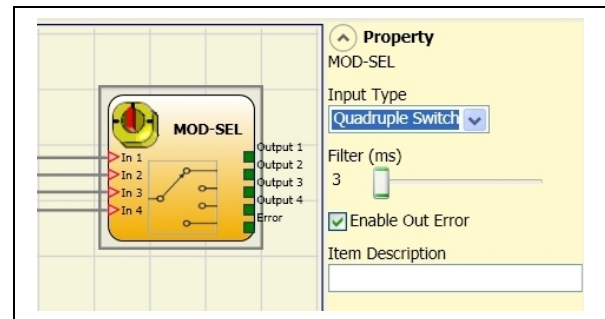
Parameters

Input type:
- Double selector – Allows connection of two-way mode selectors.
- Triple selector – Allows connection of three-way mode selectors.
- Quadruple selector - Allows connection of four-way mode selectors.

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the mode selector. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

### PHOTOCELL (safety photocell)

The PHOTOCELL function block verifies the status of the inputs of an optoelectronic safety photocell. If the beam of the photocell is occupied (photocell output FALSE) the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise with the beam clear and an output of 1 (TRUE) the output is 1 (TRUE).
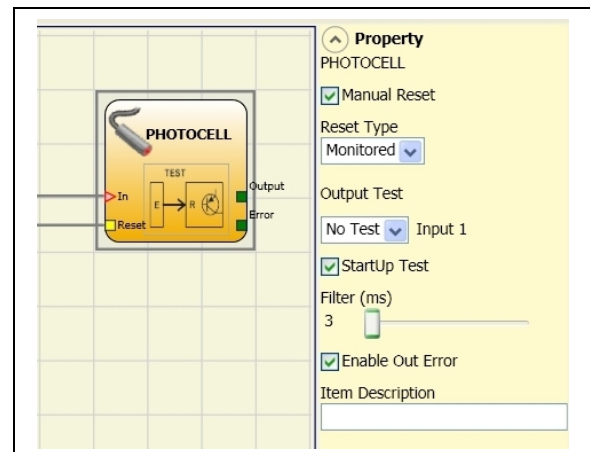
Parameters

Manual reset: If selected this enables the request to reset each time safety photocell is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.

There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.
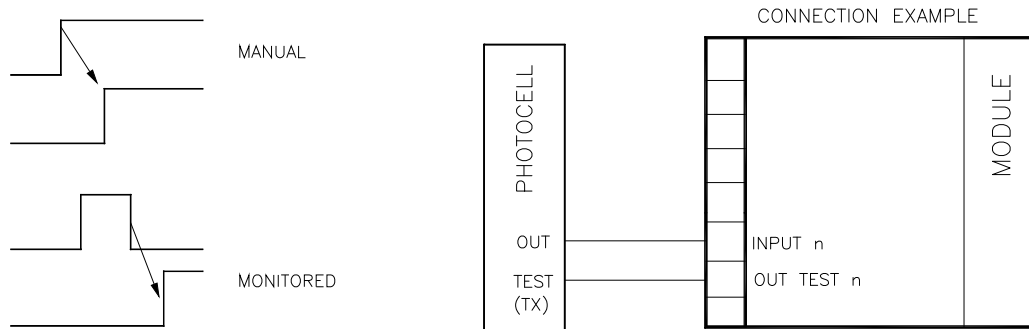
> ➡ WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 is used for the functional block, then Input 2 have to be used for the Reset Input.

Output test: This is used to select which test output are to be sent to the photocell test input. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).

Test at start-up: If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by occupying and clearing the photocell to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the external contacts. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

english

TWO-HAND (bimanual control)

The TWO HAND function block verifies the status of the inputs of a two hand control switch. Only if both the press-buttons are pressed within 500 msec the output is 1 (TRUE). Otherwise the output is 0 (FALSE).

Input type:
- Double NO – Allows connection of two-hand switch with one NO contact for each button.
- Quadruple NC-NO - Allows connection of two-hand switch with a double NO/NC contact for each button.
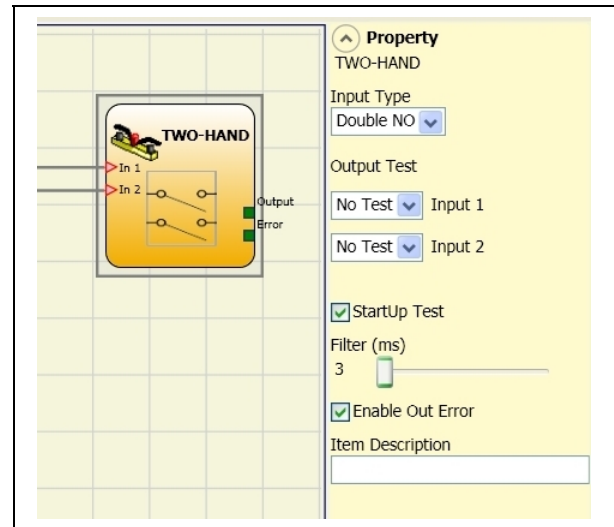
Output test: This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the component contacts. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).

Test at start-up: If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by pressing the two buttons (within 500 msec) and releasing them to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the mode selector. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.

SENSOR

The SENSOR function block verifies the status of the input of a sensor (not a safety sensor). If the beam of the sensor is occupied (sensor output FALSE) the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise, with the beam clear and an output of 1 (TRUE) then the output is 1 (TRUE).

Parameters

Manual reset: If selected this enables the request to reset each time the area protected by the sensor is occupied. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

English

MANUAL

MONITORED
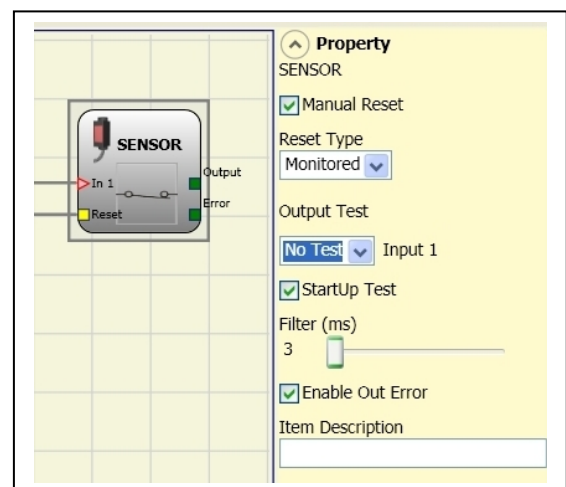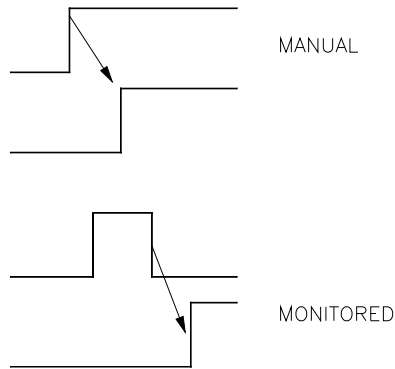
➥ WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 is used for the fuctional block, then Input 2 have to be used for the Reset Input.

Output test: This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the sensor. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).

Test at start-up: If selected this enables the test at start-up of the sensor. This test is performed by occupying and clearing the area protected by the sensor to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).

Filter (ms): This is used to filter the signals coming from the sensor. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.

Enable Error Out: If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.

Item description: This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.
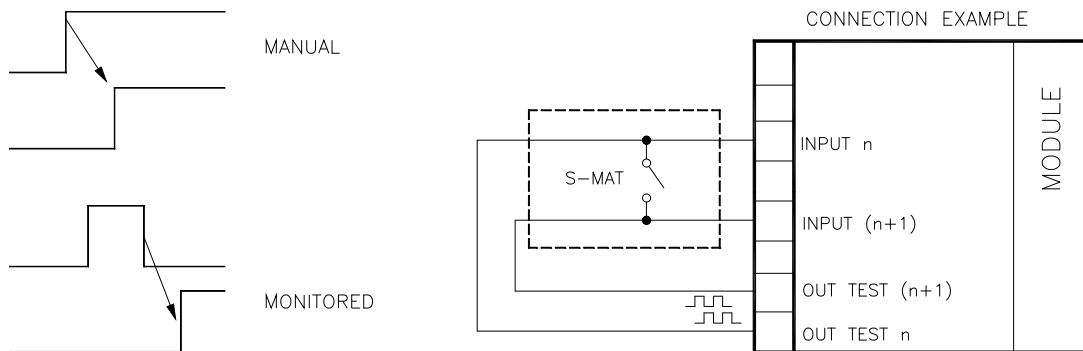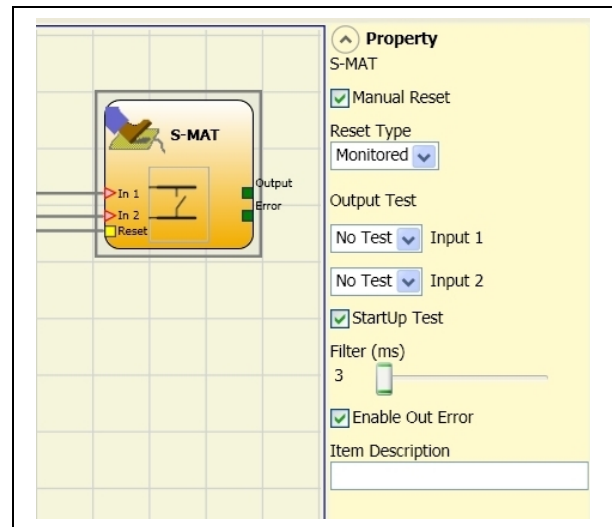
english

S-MAT (safety mat)

The S-MAT function block verifies the status of the inputs of a safety mat. If a person stands on the mat the output is 0 (FALSE). Otherwise, with the mat clear, the output is 1 (TRUE).

Parameters

Manual reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the mobile guard/safety gate is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1. If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

→ **If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 and Input 2 are used for the fuctional block, then Input 3 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

→ **Each output OUT TEST can be connected to only one input S-MAT (it is not allowed parallel connection of 2 inputs).**

→ **The function block S-MAT can not be used with 2-wire components and termination resistance.**

Output test: **This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the s-mat contact. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available). Test signals are mandatory.**

Test at start-up: **If selected this enables the test at start-up of the external component. This test is performed by pressing and releasing the safety mat to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).**

Filter (ms): **This is used to filter the signals coming from the external contacts. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.**

English

Enable Error Out: **If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.**

Item description: **This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.**

SWITCH

SWITCH function block verifies the input status of a pushbutton or switch (NOT SAFETY SWITCHES). If the pushbutton is pressed the output is 1 (TRUE). Otherwise, the output is 0 (FALSE).

Parameters

Manual reset: **If selected this enables the request to reset each time the device is activated. Otherwise, enabling of the output directly follows the input conditions.**
There are two types of reset: Manual and Monitored. When Manual is selected the system only verifies the signal's transition from 0 to 1.
If Monitored is selected the double transition from 0 to 1 and then back to 0 is verified.

MANUAL

MONITORED
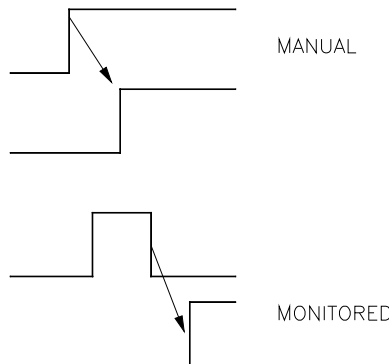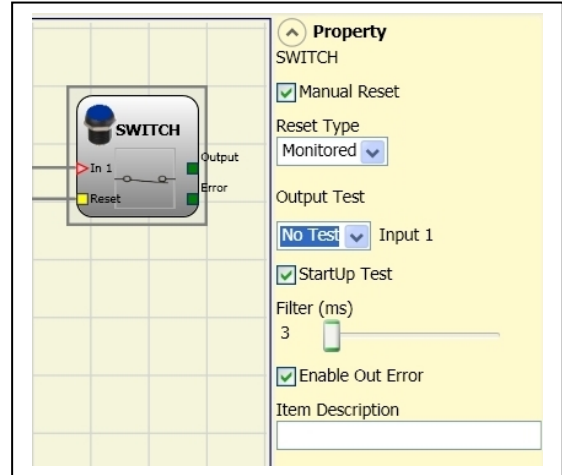
➜ **WARNING: If the Manual Reset is active, a consecutive Input have to be used. Example : Input 1 is used for the fuctional block, then Input 2 have to be used for the Reset Input.**

Output test: **This is used to select which test output signals are to be sent to the switch. This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).**

Test at start-up: **If selected this enables the test at start-up of the switch. This test is performed by opening and closing the switch contact to run a complete function test and enable the output. This test is only requested at machine start-up (when the unit is switched on).**

Filter (ms): **This is used to filter the signals coming from the switch. The filter can be configured to between 3 and 250ms and eliminates any bouncing on the contacts. The length of the filter affects the calculation of the unit's total response time.**

Enable Error Out: **If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.**

Item description: **This allows a description of the component's function to be entered. The text is displayed in the top part of the symbol.**
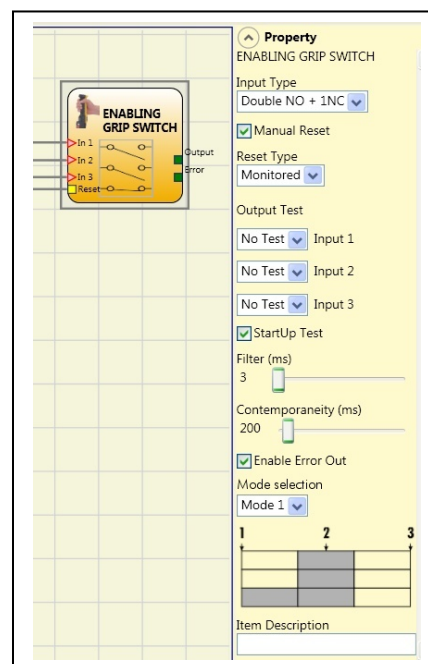
ENABLING GRIP SWITCH

The ENABLING GRIP functional block checks the status of the In_X inputs of an enabling grip. If this is not gripped (position 1) or is gripped completely (position 3), the OUTPUT will be 0 (FALSE). If it is gripped to middle position (position 2), the OUTPUT will be 1 (TRUE).
Refer to truth tables at the bottom of the page.

➔   The ENABLING GRIP functional block requires that the assigned   module has a minimum Firmware version as Table below:

M1	MI8O2	MI8	MI16	MI12
1.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0

Parameters

Type of inputs:
-   **Double NO – Permits connection of an enabling grip with 2 NO contacts.**
-   **Double NO+1NC – Permits connection of an enabling grip switch with 2 NO contacts + 1 NC contact.**

*Test outputs*: Permits selection of the test output signals to be sent to the enabling grip.
This additional control permits detection and management of any short-circuits between the lines. To enable this control, the test output signals must be configured (amongst those available).

Power-on test: If selected, enables the power-on test of the external component (Enabling Grip). To run the test, the device must be gripped and released to carry out a complete functional check and enable the Output terminal. This control is required only at machine start-up (power-on of the module).

Simultaneity (ms): always active. Determines that maximum permissible time (msec) between switching of the various signals from the external contacts of the device.

Filter (ms): Permits filtering of signals from the device control. This filter can be set to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any rebounds on the contacts. The duration of the filter affects calculation of module total response time.
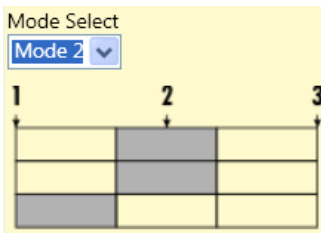
Table mode 1 (device 2NO + 1NC)
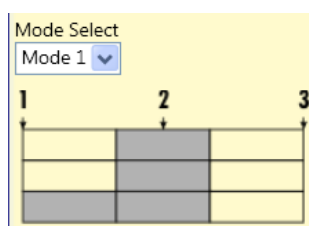
POSITION 1: enabling grip fully released
POSITION 2: enabling grip pressed to middle position
POSITION 3: enabling grip fully pressed

		Position	
Input	1	2	3
IN1	0	1	0
IN2	0	1	0
IN3	1	1	0
OUT	0	1	0

(only with 2NO+1NC)

English

Table mode 1 (device 2NO + 1NC)

POSITION 1: enabling grip fully released
POSITION 2: enabling grip pressed to middle position
POSITION 3: enabling grip fully pressed

Mode Select
Mode 2

(only with 1NO+1NC)

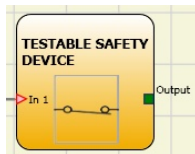|		Position	
Input	1	Input	1
IN1	0	1	0
IN2	0	1	0
IN3	1	0	0
OUT	0	1	0

Enable Error Out: **If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.**

Item description: **Permits insertion of a descriptive text of the function of the component. This text will be displayed in the top part of the symbol.**
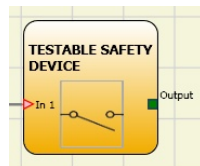
TESTABLE SAFETY DEVICE

The TESTABLE SAFETY DEVICE functional block checks the status of the Inx inputs of a single or double safety sensor, both NO and NC. Refer to the tables below to check type of sensor and behaviour.
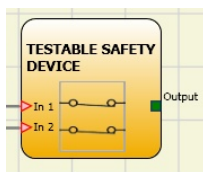
Property
TESTABLE SAFETY DEVICE
Input Type
Double NC
☑ Manual Reset
Reset Type
Monitored
Output Test
M1 - Test 1 | Input 1
M1 - Test 2 | Input 2
☑ StartUp Test
Filter (ms) 3
☑ With Contemporaneity
Contemporaneity (ms) 10
☑ Enable Error Out
Item Description

(single NC)

IN1	OUT
0	0
1	1

(single NO)

IN1	OUT
0	0
1	1

(double NC)

IN1	IN2	OUT	Simultaneity error *
0	0	0	-
0	1	0	X
1	0	0	X
1	1	1	-

(double NC-NO)
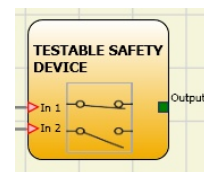
IN1	IN2	OUT	Simultaneity error *
0	0	0	X
0	1	0	-
1	0	1	-
1	1	0	X

* Simultaneity error = the maximum time between switching of the single contacts has been exceeded.

Parameters

Manual Reset: **If selected, enables the reset request after each activation of the device. Otherwise, enabling of the output follows directly the conditions of the inputs. Reset may be of two types: Manual and Monitored. Selecting the Manual**

English

option, only transition of the signal from 0 to 1 is checked. If Monitored is selected, double transition from 0 to 1 and return to 0 is checked

> ➔ WARNING: if Reset is enabled, the input consecutive to those used by the functional block must be used. For example: If inputs 1 and 2 are used for the functional block, input 3 must be used for Reset.

Power-on test: **If selected, enables the power-on test of the device. This test requires activation and de-activation of the device in order to run a complete functional check and enable the Output terminal. This test is required only at machine start-up (power-on of the module).**

Filter (ms): **Permits filtering of signals from the device. This filter can be set to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any rebounds on the contacts. The duration of the filter affects calculation of module total response time.**

With contemporaneity: **If selected, activates control of simultaneity between switching of signals from the device.**
Contemporaneity (ms): **Is active only if the previous parameter is enabled. Determines the maximum permissible time (msec) between switching of two different signals from the sensor.**

*Enable Error Out:* **If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.**

Item description: **Permits insertion of a descriptive text of the function of the component. This text will be displayed in the top part of the symbol.**

*English*

SOLID STATE DEVICE

The SOLID STATE DEVICE functional block checks the status of the Inx inputs. If the inputs are at 24VDC, the Output will be 1 (TRUE), otherwise the OUTPUT will be 0 (FALSE).

Parameters

Manual Reset: **If selected, enables the reset request after each occupation of the area protected by the light curtain. Otherwise, enabling of the output follows directly the conditions of the inputs. Reset may be of two types: Manual and Monitored. Selecting the Manual option, only transition of the signal from 0 to 1 is checked. If Monitored is selected, double transition from 0 to 1 and return to 0 is checked.**

MANUALE

MONITORATO
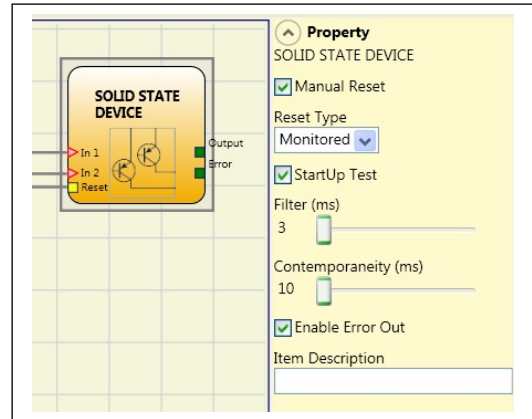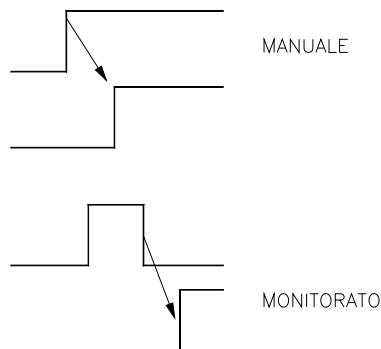
WARNING: if Reset is enabled, the input consecutive to those used by the functional block must be used. For example: if inputs 1 and 2 are used for the functional block, input 3 must be used for Reset.

Power-on test: **If selected, enables the power-on test of the safety device. This test requires activation and de-activation of the device in order to run a complete functional check and enable the Output terminal. This test is required only at machine start-up (power-on of the module)**

Filter (ms): **Permits filtering of signals from the safety device. This filter can be set to between 3 and 250 ms and eliminates any rebounds on the contacts. The duration of the filter affects calculation of module total response time.**
Contemporaneity (ms): **Determines that maximum permissible time (msec) between switching of two different signals from the device.**
Enable Error Out: **If selected reports a fault detected by the function block.**

Item description: **Permits insertion of a descriptive text of the function of the component. This text will be displayed in the top part of the symbol.**

FIELDBUS INPUT

Element that permits insertion of a non-safety input whose status is modified via the fieldbus.
Up to 8 virtual inputs can be inserted and the bit on which status is to be modified must be selected for each.
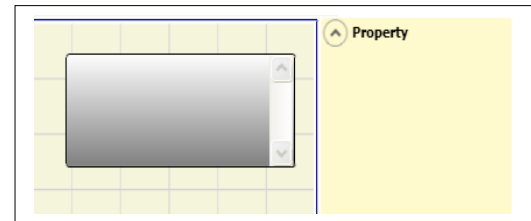**They are represented with one byte on the fieldbus.**
(For more detailed information, consult the fieldbus manual on the DSD CD-ROM).
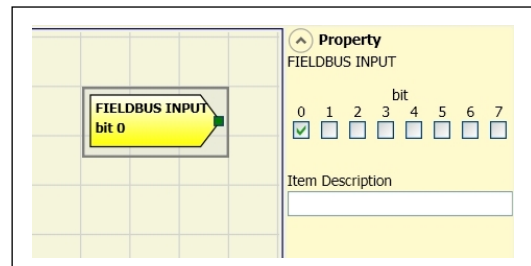
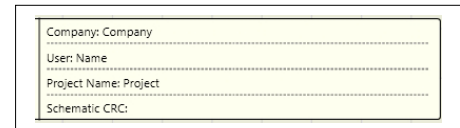> ⚡ **WARNING: the FIELDBUS INPUT is NOT a safety input.**

COMMENTS

This allows a description to be entered and placed in any point of the diagram.

TITLE

Automatically adds the name of the manufacturer, the designer, the project name and the CRC.

English

OPERATOR FUNCTION BLOCKS

All the input of these operators could be inverted (logical NOT). It could be done clicking with the right mouse key on the input to be inverted. A little circle will be showed on the inverted input. To cancel the inversion, simply click another time on the same input pin.
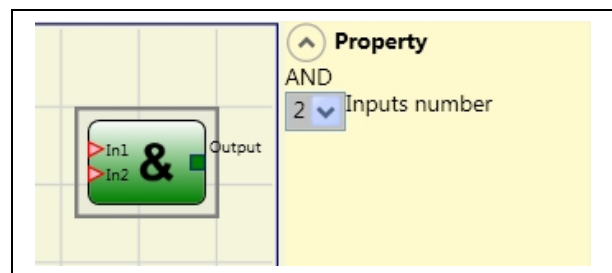
➜ **The maximum number of user blocks is 64.**

LOGICAL OPERATORS

AND

Logical AND returns an output of 1 (TRUE) if all the inputs are 1 (TRUE).

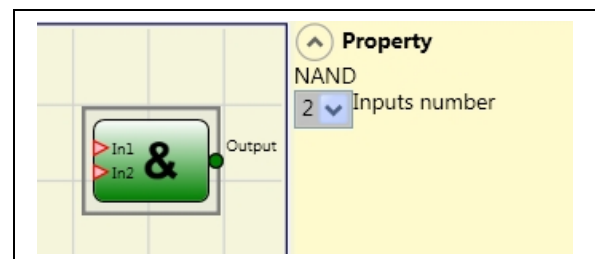| In$_1$	In$_2$	In$_x$	Out
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1

Parameters

Number of inputs: **this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.**

NAND

Logical NAND returns an output of 0 (FALSE) if all the inputs are 1 (TRUE).

In$_1$	In$_2$	In$_x$	Out
0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1
0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0

Parameters

Number of inputs: **this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.**

English

NOT

Logical NOT inverts the logical status of the input.

In	Out
0	1
1	0
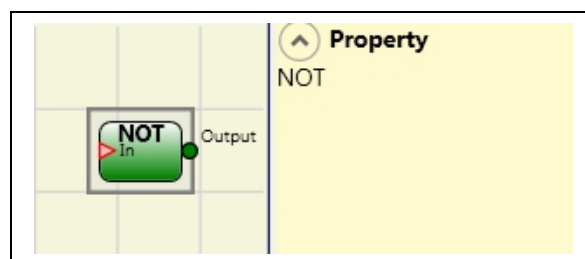
OR

Logical OR returns an output of 1 (TRUE) if at least one of the inputs is 1 (TRUE).

In$_1$	In$_2$	In$_x$	Out
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1
1	0	1	1
0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
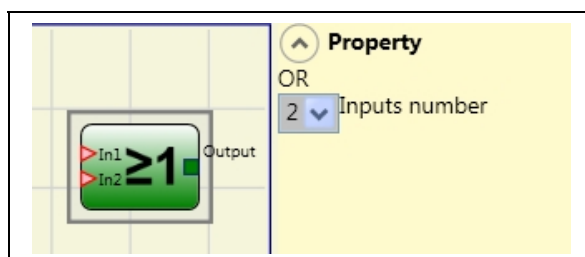
Parameters

Number of inputs: this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.

NOR

Logical NOR returns an output of 0 (FALSE) if at least one of the inputs is 1 (TRUE).

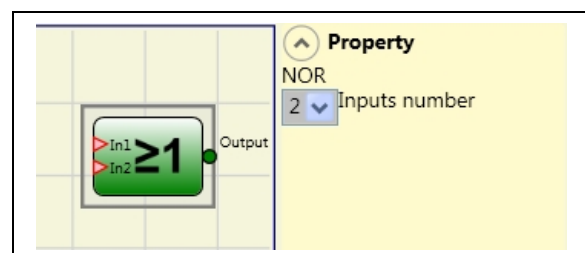| In$_1$	In$_2$	In$_x$	Out
0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0

Parameters

Number of inputs: this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.

English

XOR

Logical XOR returns an output 0 (FALSE) if the input's number at 1 (TRUE) is even or the inputs are all 0 (FALSE).

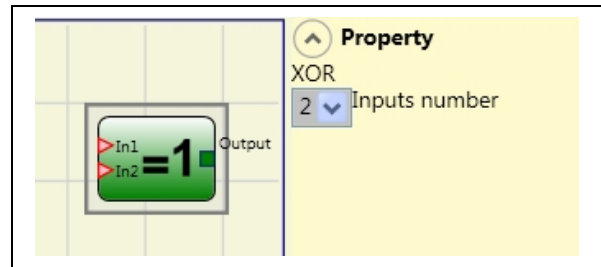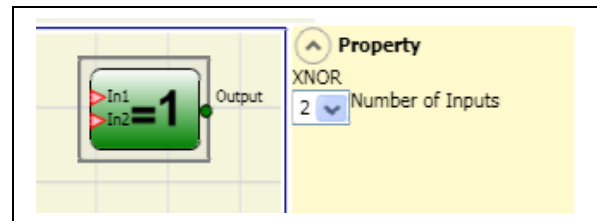| In$_1$	In$_2$	Inx	Out
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0
0	0	1	1
1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1

Parameters

Number of inputs: this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.

XNOR

Logical XNOR returns an output 1 (TRUE) if the input's number at 1 (TRUE) is even or the inputs are all 0 (FALSE).

| In$_1$	In$_2$	Inx	Out
0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1
0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1
0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0

Parameters

Number of inputs: this is used to set between 2 and 8 inputs.

MULTIPLEXER

Logical MULTIPLEXER forwards the signal of the inputs to the output according to the Sel selection. If the SEL1÷SEL4 have only one bit set, the selected *In n* is connected to the Output. If the SEL inputs are:
- more than one = 1 (TRUE)
- none = 1 (TRUE)
the output is set to 0 (FALSE) independently from the *In n* values.
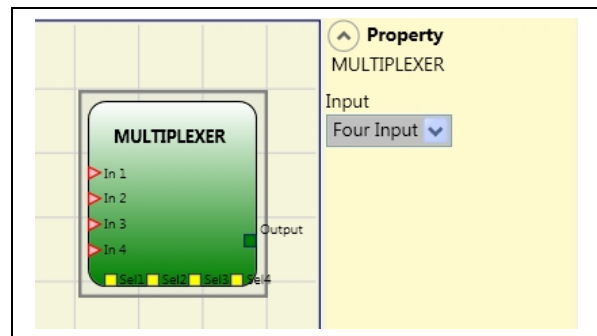
Parameters

Number of inputs: this is used to set between 2 and 4 inputs.

**English**

MEMORY OPERATORS

MEMORY operators can be used if you decide to save any data (TRUE or FALSE) from other project components.

Status changes are performed according to the truth tables shown for each operator.

D FLIP FLOP (max number = 16)

The D FLIP FLOP operator saves the previously set status on output Q according to the following truth table.

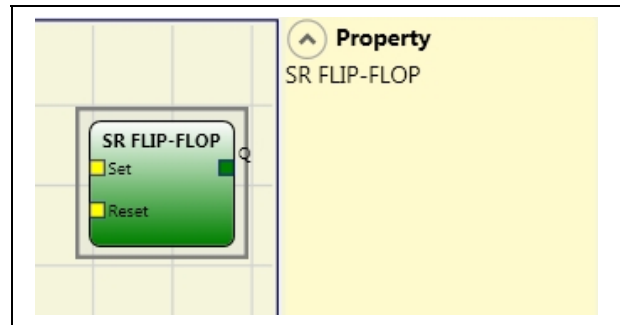| Preset	Clear	Ck	D	Q
1	0	X	X	1
0	1	X	X	0
1	1	X	X	0
0	0	L	X	Keep memory
0	0	Rising edge	1	1
0	0	Rising edge	0	0
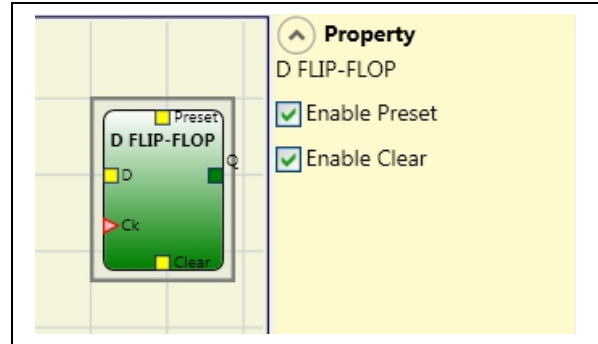
Parameters

Preset: **If selected enables output Q to be set to 1 (TRUE).**

Clear: **If selected enables the saving process to be reset.**

SR FLIP FLOP

SR FLIP FLOP operator brings output Q at 1 with Set, 0 with Reset.
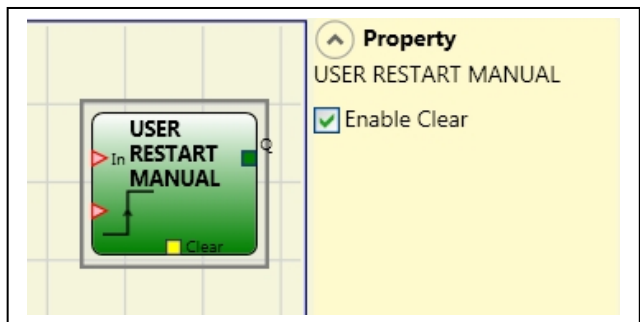See the following truth table.

SET	RESET	Q
0	0	Keep memory
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	0

USER RESTART MANUAL (max number = 16 with RESTART MONITORED)

The USER RESTART MANUAL operator saves the restart signal according to the following truth table.

Clear	Restart	In	Q
1	X	X	0
X	X	0	0
0	L	1	Keep memory
0	Rising edge	1	1
0	Falling edge	1	Keep memory

Parameters

Clear enable: If selected enables the saving process to be reset.

USER RESTART MONITORED (max number = 16 with RESTART MANUAL)

The USER RESTART MONITORED operator is used to save the restart signal according to the following truth table.

Clear	Restart	In	Q
1	X	X	0
X	X	0	0
0	L	1	Keep memory
0	Rising edge	1	Keep memory
0	⎍	1	1
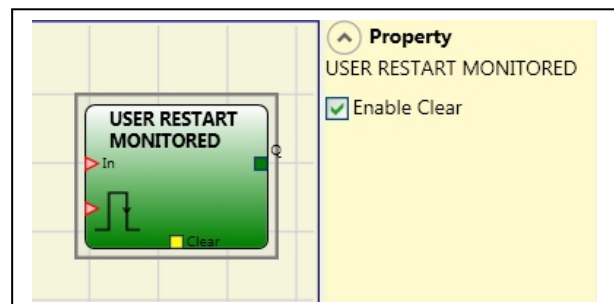
Parameters

Clear enable: If selected enables the saving process to be reset.

*English*

COUNTER OPERATORS

COUNTER operator is a pulse counter that sets output Q to 1 (TRUE) as soon as the desired count is reached.

COUNTER (max number = 16).

The operator COUNTER is a pulse counter.
There are 3 operationg modes:

> 1) AUTOMATIC
> 2) MANUAL
> 3) AUTOMATIC + MANUAL

1) **The counter generates a pulse duration equal to the system response time as soon as the set count is reached. If the CLEAR pin is not enabled this is the default mode.**

2) **The counter leads to 1 (TRUE) the output Q as soon as it reaches the set count.**
   The output Q goes to 0 (FALSE) when the signal CLEAR is activated.

3) **The counter generates a pulse duration equal to the system response time as soon as the set count is reached. If the CLEAR signal is activated, the internal count goes back to 0.**
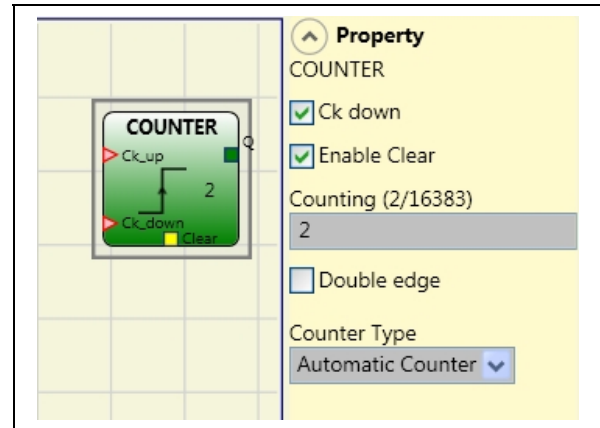
Parameters

Clear Enable: **If selected this enables the request to clear in order to restart the counter setting output Q to 0 (FALSE). It also offers the possibility of enabling or not enabling (*Automatic Enable*) automatic operation with manual reset.**

If this is not selected operation is automatic. Once the set count is reached output Q is set to 1(TRUE) and stays in this condition for two internal cycles after which it is resetted.

Ck down: **Enables counting down.**
Two-way: **If selected it enables counting on both the rising and falling edges.**

TIMER OPERATORS (max number = 16)

TIMER operators allow you to generate a signal (TRUE or FALSE) for a user-definable period.

CLOCKING

CLOCKING operator generates a clock signal output with the desired period if the input In is 1 (TRUE).

Parameters

Time: **The period can be set to between 10 ms and 1093.3 s.**
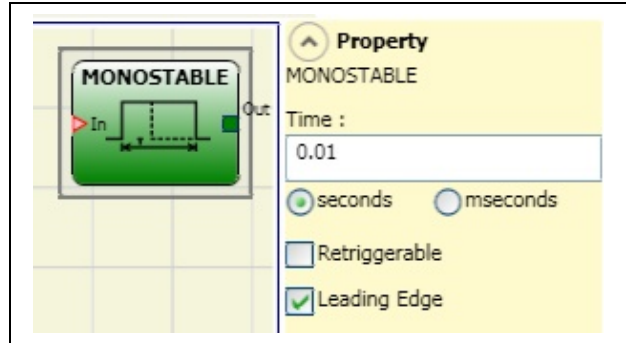
English

MONOSTABLE

The MONOSTABILE operator generates a level 1 (TRUE) output activated by the rising edge of the input and remains in this condition for the set time.

Parameters

Time: **The delay can be set to between 10 ms and 1093.3 s.**

Rising edge: **If selected, the output is set to 1 (TRUE) on the input signal's rising edge where it remains for the set time, which can be extended for as long as the input stays at 1 (TRUE).**
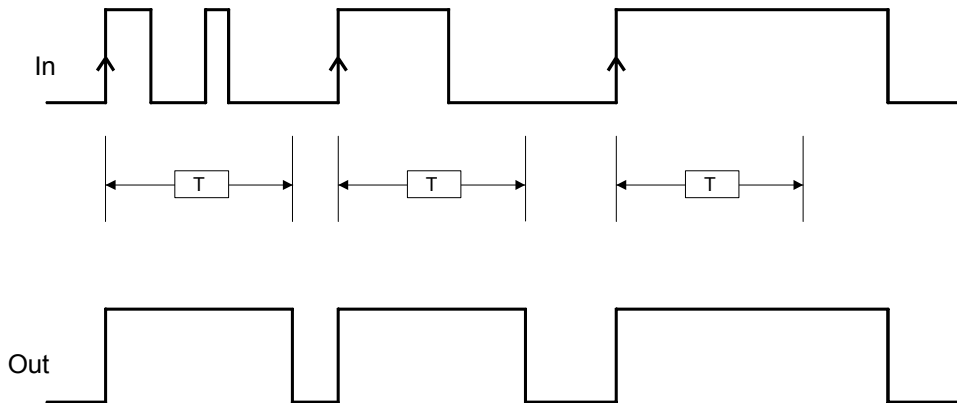
If not selected the logic is inverted, the output is set to 0 (FALSE) on the input signal's falling edge, where it remains for the set time, which can be extended for as long as the input stays at 0 (FALSE).
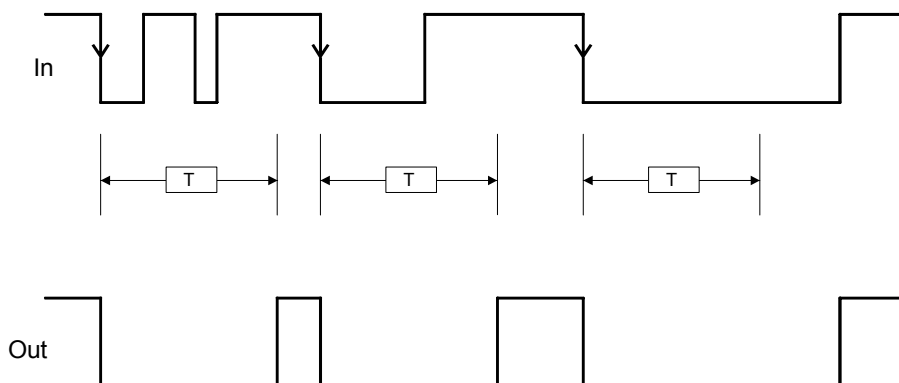
Retriggerable: **If selected the time is reset each time the input status changes.**

PASSING MAKE CONTACT

In the PASSING MAKE CONTACT operator the output follows the signal on the input. However, if this is 1 (TRUE) for longer than the set time, the output changes to 0 (FALSE). When there is an input falling edge, the timer is cleared.
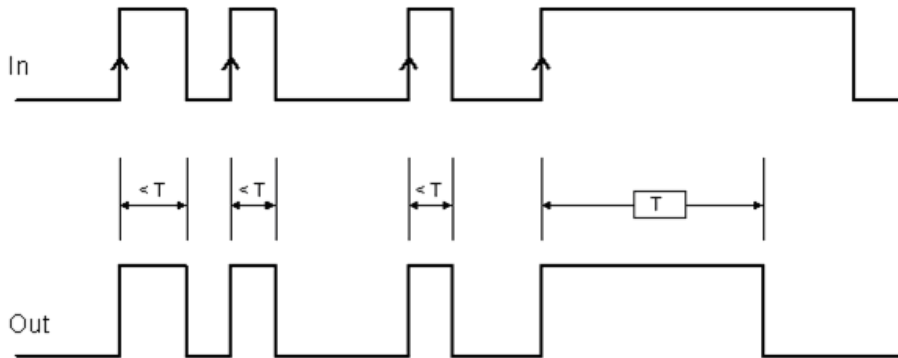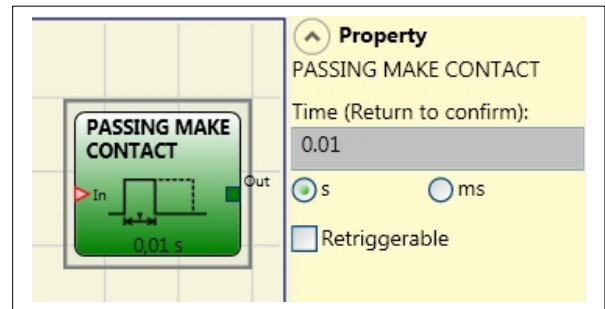
Parameters

Time: **The delay can be set to between 10 ms and 1093.3 s.**

Retriggerable: **If selected the time is not reset when there is an input falling edge. The output stays 1 (TRUE) for all the selected time. When there is a new input rising edge, the timer restart again.**

English
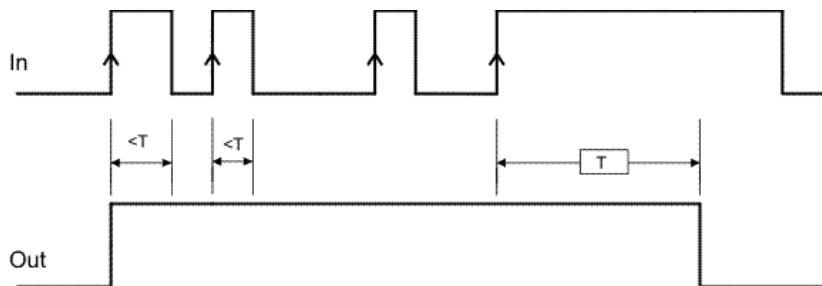
DELAY

DELAY operator applies a delay to a signal by setting the output to 1 (TRUE) after the set time, against a change in the level of the input signal.

Parameters

*Time*: The delay can be set to between 10 ms and 1093.3 s.
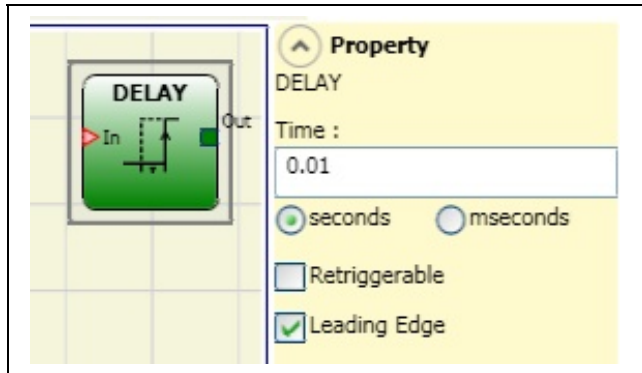
Rising edge: If selected, the delay starts on the input signal's rising edge at the end of which the output changes to 1 (TRUE) if the input is 1 (TRUE) where it remains for as long as the input stays at 1 (TRUE).
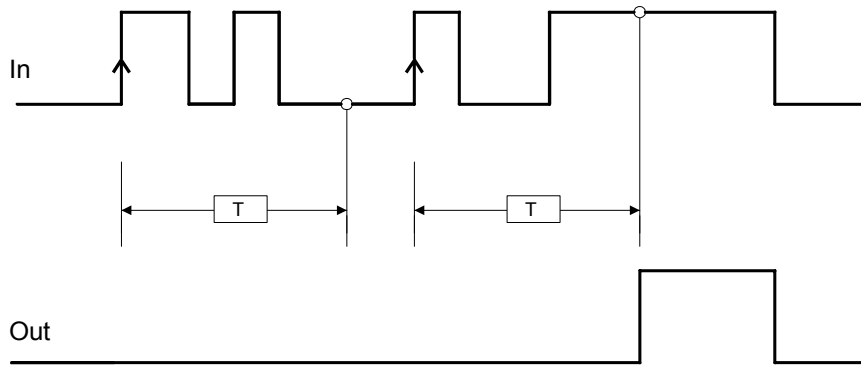
If not selected the logic is inverted, the output is set to 1 (TRUE) on the input signal's rising edge, the delay starts on the input signal's falling edge, at the end of the set time the output changes to 0 (FALSE) if the input is 0 (FALSE) otherwise it remains 1 TRUE.
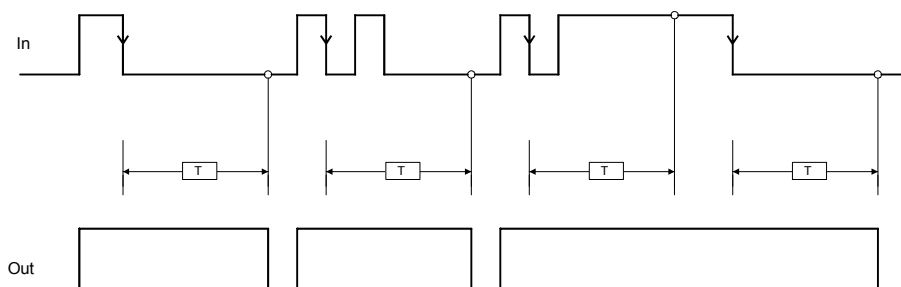
Retriggerable: If selected the time is reset each time the input status changes.

MUTING OPERATORS (max number = 4)

"Concurrent" MUTING

The MUTING operator with "Concurrent" logic performs muting of the input signal through sensor inputs S1, S2, S3 and S4.

➜ **Preliminary condition: The Muting cycle can only start if all the sensors are 0 (FALSE) and inputs are 1 (TRUE) (barrier free).**

Parameters

Timeout (sec): Sets the time, between 10 secs and unlimited, within which the Muting cycle must end. If the cycle is not complete at the end of this time, Muting is immediately discontinued.

Enable: If selected it enables the possibility of enabling or not enabling the Muting function. Otherwise the Muting function is always enabled.

There are two Enable modes: Enable/Disable and Enable Only. If Enable/Disable is selected the Muting cycle cannot start if Enable is fixed at 1 (TRUE) or 0 (FALSE) but is only activated with a rising edge. To disable muting, set Enable to 0 (FALSE). In this mode the falling edge disables Muting regardless of the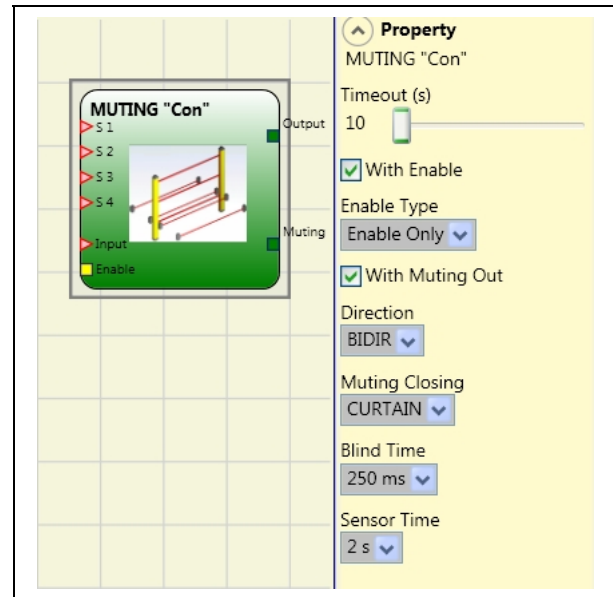 condition. If Enable Only is selected Muting cannot be disabled but Enable must be set to 0 (FALSE) in order to enable a new rising edge for the next Muting cycle.

Direction: The order in which the sensors are occupied can be set. If set to BIDIR they can be occupied in both directions, from S1&S2 to S3&S4 and from S3&S4 to S1&S2, if set to UP they can be occupied from S1&S2 to S3&S4 and if set to DOWN from S3&S4 to S1&S2.

Muting Close: There are two types, CURTAIN and SENSOR. If you select CURTAIN muting closes when the input signal rises, if you select SENSOR it closes when the third sensor has been cleared.

Select CURTAIN

S1	S2	Input	S3	S4	Muting
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0	0	1
1	1	X	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0

Select SENSOR

English

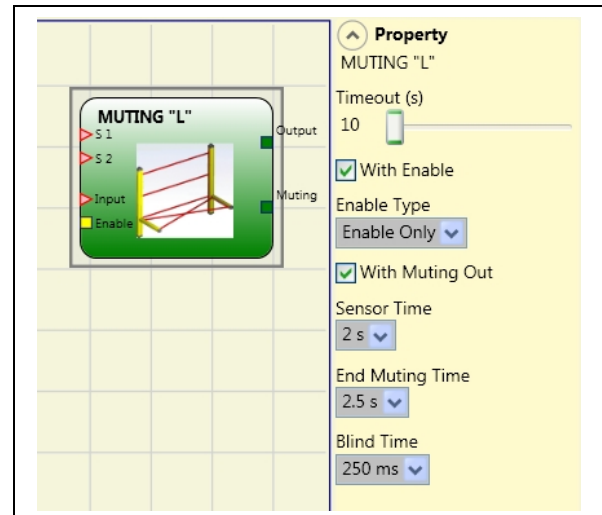| S1	S2	Input	S3	S4	Muting
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0	0	1
1	1	X	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0

Blind Time: _Only with Muting Close=Curtain, blind time_ is enabled if you know that after the complete transition of the pallet (muting cycle close) some protruding objects could still occupy the light curtain and send the input to 0 (FALSE). During blind time the input remains 1 (TRUE). Blind Time can range from 250 msecs to 1 second.

Sensor time: A difference of between 2 and 5 seconds can be set for activating the sensors.

MUTING "L"

The MUTING operator with "L" logic performs muting of the input signal through sensor inputs S1 and S2.

➜   **Preliminary condition: The Muting cycle can only start if S1 and S2 are 0 (FALSE) and the inputs are 1 (TRUE) (barrier free).**

Parameters

Timeout (sec): Sets the time, between 10 secs and unlimited, within which the Muting cycle must end. If the cycle is not complete at the end of this time, Muting is immediately discontinued.

Enable: If selected it enables the possibility of enabling or not enabling the Muting function. Otherwise the Muting function is always enabled.
There are two Enable modes: Enable/Disable and Enable Only. If Enable/Disable is selected the Muting cycle cannot start if Enable is fixed at 1 (TRUE) or 0 (FALSE) but is only activated with a rising edge. To disable muting, set Enable to 0 (FALSE). In this mode the falling edge disables Muting regardless of the condition. If Enable Only is selected Muting cannot be disabled but Enable must be set to 0 (FALSE) in order to enable a new rising edge for the next Muting cycle.

Sensor time: A difference of between 2 and 5 seconds can be set for activating the sensors.

End of Muting time: Sets the muting falling time, from 2.5 to 6 seconds, after the second sensor has been cleared.
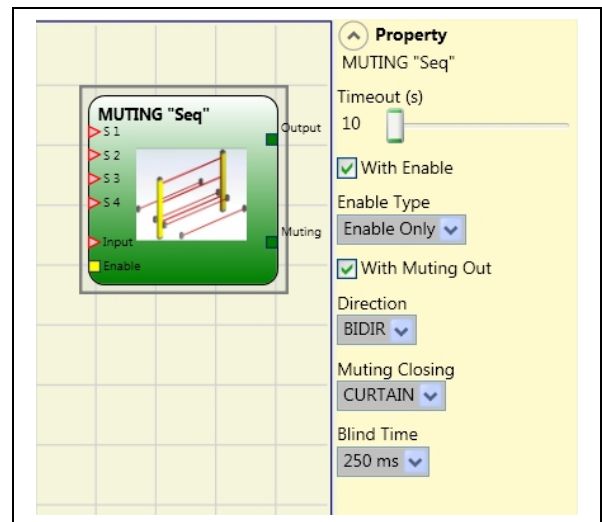
Blind Time: enabled if you know that after the complete transition of the pallet (muting cycle close) some protruding objects could still occupy the light curtain and

English

send the input to 0 (FALSE). During blind time the input remains 1 (TRUE). Blind Time can range from 250 msecs to 1 second.

English

"Sequential" MUTING

The MUTING operator with "Sequential" logic performs muting of the input signal through sensor inputs S1, S2, S3 and S4.

➔ **Preliminary condition: The Muting cycle can only start if all the sensors are 0 (FALSE) and the inputs are 1 (TRUE) (barrier free).**

Parameters

Timeout (sec): **Sets the time, between 10 secs and unlimited, within which the Muting cycle must end. If the cycle is not complete at the end of this time, Muting is immediately discontinued.**

Enable: **If selected it enables the possibility of enabling or not enabling the Muting function. Otherwise the Muting function is always enabled.**
There are two Enable modes: Enable/Disable and Enable Only. If Enable/Disable is selected the Muting cycle cannot start if Enable is fixed at 1 (TRUE) or 0 (FALSE) but is only activated with a rising edge. To disable muting, set Enable to 0 (FALSE). In this mode the falling edge disables Muting regardless of the condition. If Enable Only is selected Muting cannot be disabled but Enable must be set to 0 (FALSE) in order to enable a new rising edge for the next Muting cycle.

Direction: **The order in which the sensors are occupied can be set. If set to BIDIR they can be occupied in both directions, from S1 to S4 and from S4 to S1, if set to UP they can be occupied from S1 to S4 and if set to DOWN from S4 to S1.**

Muting Close: **There are two types, CURTAIN and SENSOR. If you select CURTAIN muting closes when the input signal rises, if you select SENSOR it closes when the last sensor has been cleared.**

Select CURTAIN

S1	S2	Input	S3	S4	Muting
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0	0	1
1	1	X	1	0	1
1	1	X	1	1	1
0	1	X	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0

Select SENSOR

S1	S2	Input	S3	S4	Muting
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0	0	1
1	1	X	1	0	1
1	1	X	1	1	1
0	1	X	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0

English

Blind Time: <u>*Only with Muting Close=Curtain*</u>, *blind time* is enabled if you know that after the complete transition of the pallet (muting cycle close) some protruding objects could still occupy the light curtain and send the input to 0 (FALSE). During blind time the input remains 1 (TRUE). Blind Time can range from 250 msecs to 1 second.

MUTING "T"

The MUTING operator with "T" logic performs muting of the input signal through sensor inputs S1 and S2.

➡ **Preliminary condition: The Muting cycle can only start if S1 and S2 are 0 (FALSE) and the inputs are 1 (TRUE) (barrier free).**

Parameters

Timeout (sec): Sets the time, between 10 secs and unlimited, within which the Muting cycle must end. If the cycle is not complete at the end of this time, Muting is immediately discontinued.

Enable: If selected it enables the possibility of enabling or not enabling the Muting function. Otherwise the Muting function is always enabled.
There are two Enable modes: Enable/Disable and Enable Only. If Enable/Disable is selected the Muting cycle cannot start if Enable is fixed at 1 (TRUE) or 0 (FALSE) but is only activated with a rising edge. To disable muting, set Enable to 0 (FALSE). In this mode the falling edge disables Muting regardless of the condition. If Enable Only is selected Muting cannot be disabled but Enable must be set to 0 (FALSE) in order to enable a new rising edge for the next Muting cycle.
Sensor time: A difference of between 2 and 5 seconds can be set for activating the sensors.

English

MUTING OVERRIDE (max number = 16)

The operator permits override of the directly connected Muting Input.

Override can be activated only if Muting is not active (INPUT=0) and at least one Muting sensor is occupied (or the light curtain is occupied).

Override ends when the light curtain and sensors are cleared and the Output switches to logical "0" (FALSE).

Override can be set to pulsed or maintained action mode.
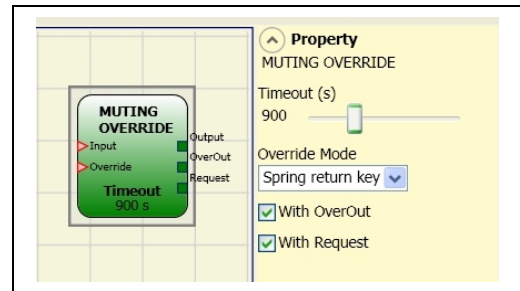
Override with maintained action control.

> This function must be activated maintaining the Override command active (OVERRIDE=1) during all subsequent operations. However, a new Override can be activated, de-activating ad re-activating the command.

> When the light curtain and sensors are cleared (gap free) or on expiry of the timeout, Override ends without the need for further commands.

Override with pulsed action

> This function is enabled activating the Override command (OVERRIDE=1).

> Override ends when the light curtain and sensors are cleared (gap free) or on expiry of the timeout. The function can be restarted only if the Override command is re-activated (OVERRIDE=1).

Parameters

With sensors occupied: Must be selected with "T" sequential, simultaneous muting; with "L" muting, must not be selected.

➔ Otherwise, a Warning is displayed in the compilation phase and in the report.

➔ The user must adopt additional safety measures during the Override phase.

Conditions to be checked for activation of Override

"With sensors occupied" selected	sensor occupied	light curtain occupied	Input	Override request	Override output
X	X	-	0	1	1
-	-	X	0	1	1
	X	-	0	1	1
	X	X	0	1	1

Timeout (sec): Used to set the time, between 10 sec and infinity, by which the Override function must end.

Override mode: Used to configure the type of Override (pulsed or maintained action).

With OverOut: Used to activate an Override active signalling output (active when high).

With Request: Used to activate a signalling output (active when high) indicating that the Override function can be activated.

English

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS

Output delay with manual

If you need to have two OSSD output with one of them delayed (in MANUAL mode) use the following scheme:
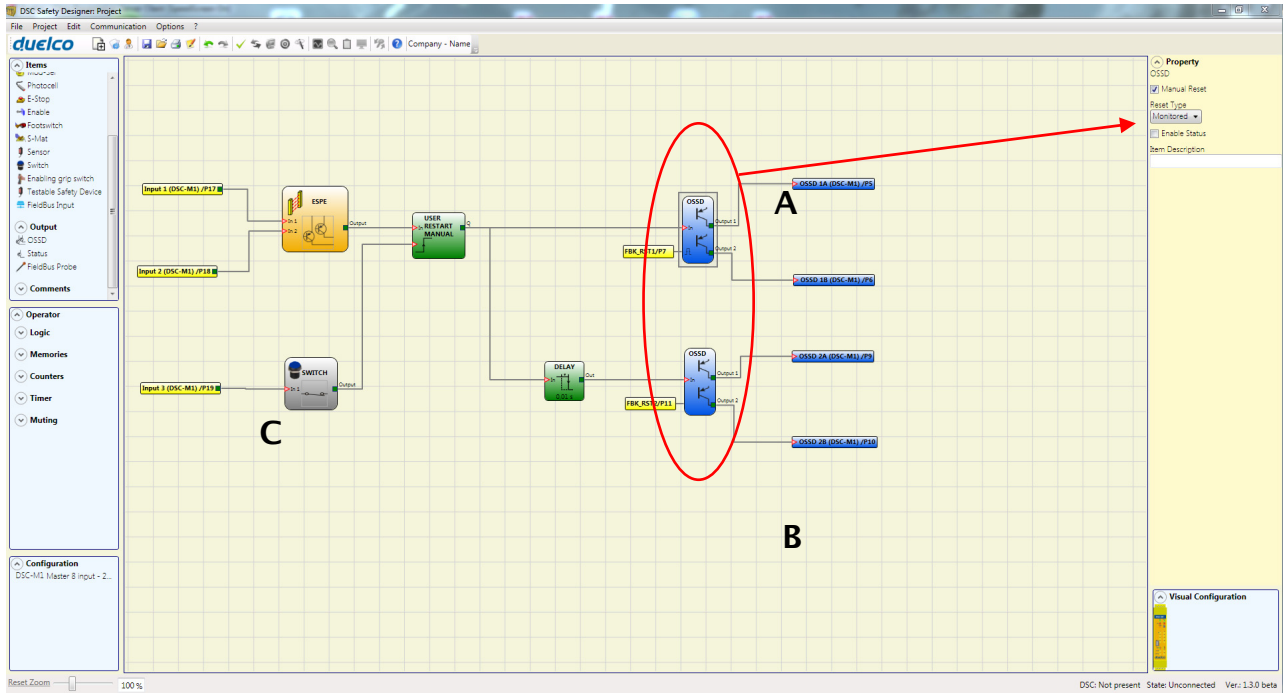

Figure 41 - Two outputs with one delayed (in MANUAL mode)

> ➡ **Whereas the operating mode of the logical DELAY (see DELAY paragraph) the application must be the following:**
> **- The two outputs have to be programmed with RESET TYPE manual (monitored) using the function USER MANUAL RESTART.**
>
> ➡ **You must physically connect the button RESTART to the inputs RESTART_FBK1/2 of the OSSD A and B used *(see section connections (p. 12))* and to the INPUT3 (C).**

English

ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS

MODEL	DESCRIPTION	CODE
M1	DSC main unit (8 inputs / 2 double OSSD)	1103400
MI8O2	DSC I/O expansion unit (8 inputs / 2 double OSSD)	1103410
MI8	DSC input expansion unit (8 inputs)	1103420
MI16	DSC input expansion unit (16 inputs)	1103421
MI12T8	DSC input expansion unit (12 input, 8 test output)	1103422
MO2	DSC output expansion unit (2 double OSSD)	1103430
MO4	DSC output expansion unit (4 double OSSD)	1103431
MR2	DSC safety relay unit (2 relays)	1103440
MR4	DSC safety relay unit (4 relays)	1103441
MBP	DSC PROFIBUS DP interface unit	1103450
MBD	DSC DeviceNet interface unit	1103451
MBC	DSC CANopen interface unit	1103452
MBEC	DSC ETHERCAT interface unit	1103453
MBEI	DSC ETHERNET/IP interface unit	1103454
MBEP	DSC PROFINET interface unit	1103455
MBU	DSC USB interface	1103456
MCT2	DSC bus transfer unit	1103457
MCM	DSC external configuration memory	1103460
MSC	DSC connector for 5-way communication	1103461
CSU	DSC USB cable for connection to PC	1103462

English

WARRANTY

Duelco warrants that all of its DSC units shall be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of 12 (twelve) months from the date of shipment. This warranty applies to the products under normal conditions of use.

If the product proves to be defective during the warranty period, Duelco will repair or replace any faulty parts without any charge for material or labour.

Duelco may, at its discretion, replace the defective equipment with the same type of equipment or with equipment having the same characteristics, rather than repair it.

This warranty is subject to the conditions listed below:

The customer must inform Duelco of the fault within twelve months from the date of delivery of the product.

The equipment and all components must be in the condition as they were at the time of delivery by DUELCO.

The fault or defect must not been caused either directly or indirectly by:

- Improper use;

- Failure to comply with the instructions for use;

- Carelessness, misuse, incorrect maintenance;

- Repairs, modifications, adaptations not performed by DUELCO, tampering, etc.;

- Accidents or collisions (also during transportation and as a result of force majeure);

- Other causes for which Duelco cannot be held liable.

The defective equipment must be delivered or shipped to DUELCO's works to be repaired: the warranty does not cover costs of transport or the risk of damage to or loss of the equipment during shipment, which shall be borne by the customer.

All products and components that are replaced become the property of DUELCO.

Duelco shall not be held liable under any other warranties or rights except for those expressly indicated above. Duelco shall not therefore accept claims to pay damages for expenses, interruption of work or other factors or circumstances in any way related to failure of the product or any parts thereof.

Please, visit the website www.duelco-safety.com for the list of the authorised representative of each Country.

> **Precise, complete compliance with all standards, instructions and warnings in this handbook is essential for the correct operation of the device. Duelco therefore declines any responsibility for all and anything resulting from failure to comply with all or some of the aforesaid instructions.**

English

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English